TOTHOT

Traffic Bottleneck Analysis and Real-Time Traffic Services

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Congestion is a global problem







The worst 20 cities in 2013

Rank	CI change	City	Country	Congestion	Morning peak	Evening peak	Highways	Non-Highways
1	¥	Moscow	Russia	74%	111%	141%	79%	72%
2	A	Istanbul	Turkey	62%	87%	129%	73%	54%
3		Palermo	Italy	39%	60%	64%	29%	45%
4	¥	Warsaw	Poland	39%	71%	75%	37%	41%
5	¥	Rome	Italy	37%	71%	64%	26%	41%
6	V	Dublin	Ireland	35%	74%	71%	27%	42%
7	¥	Marseille	France	35%	60%	70%	20%	41%
8		Paris	France	35%	65%	65%	35%	35%
9	A	London	United Kingdom	34%	60%	63%	22%	40%
10	V	Athens	Greece	34%	54%	49%	14%	40%
11	A	Brussels	Belgium	34%	73%	77%	31%	36%
12		Stockholm	Sweden	30%	59%	66%	27%	33%
13	V	Stuttgart	Germany	29%	49%	60%	28%	31%
14		Naples	Italy	28%	43%	50%	13%	40%
15	¥	Hamburg	Germany	28%	45%	49%	22%	32%
16		Vienna	Austria	28%	44%	50%	18%	33%
17	A	Prague	Czech Republic	28%	57%	48%	22%	31%
18	¥	Berlin	Germany	27%	42%	49%	24%	30%
19		Milan	Italy	27%	62%	52%	17%	33%
20	A	Lyon	France	27%	55%	53%	22%	31%





Traffic Bottleneck Analysis



Floating Car Data provides new opportunities



Example Speed Analysis for Amsterdam

Roadname: Ij-tunnel Length: 265 Meters Average travel time: 15.8 Seconds Medium travel time: 14.9 Seconds Average Speed: 63.6 Km/h Median Speed: 64.0 Km/h Standard Deviation Speed: 10.7 Sample Size: 16082 vehicles

0-15 15-80 30-40 40-50 50-60 60-70 70-80 80-90 90-100 100-110 110-120 120-180 130-140

Average speeds for morning rush hour (km/h)

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Example Congestion Analysis for Amsterdam



Travel time ratio: morning peak vs. night

Example Congestion Analysis for Amsterdam





Analysis Example Italy

Case Study Citilabs - SPEA

Where: A14 Bologna S.Lazzaro – Castel S.Pietro Castel S.Pietro – Imola Imola – Dir.Ravenna

 When:
 2012, October
 #1

 2012, August, 15
 #2

What: SPEA – vehicular data of vehicle types: cars, motorcycles, caravan, trucks under 3,5 tons, collected by Tutor portals TomTom – vehicular data collected by millions of TomTom navigation device, mainly from *In car Dash Navigation*

Purpose: compare data provided by SPEA and data derived from TomTom Floating car Data. This in order check the validity of Floating Car Data







The data is compared for a specific segment. Speed data from the Ground Loops (Vel. Cl. A) are compared with Floating Car Data (TomTom)



Central time zone of the day is highlighted in yellow, from 06:00 to 21:00



Non-Loop analysis number 1 Approach to the Bologna San Lazzaro toll booth (dir. Bologna)





Selection of segments of interest from TomTom shapefile





Analysis of TomTom average speed data in the approach, the transit and in the way out from of the toll booth





Non-Loop analysis number 2 Approach to the Ravenna Barrier toll booth (dir. Ravenna)



Analysis of a situation on interest #2 approach to the Ravenna barrier (dir. Ravenna, 2012 August 15)



Selection of segments of interest from TomTom shapefile





Analysis of TomTom average speed data in the approach, the transit and in the way out from of the toll booth





Real-Time Traffic Services



Real Time Probe Data



Traffic Incidents and Traffic Flow



- File contains information ONLY for the road stretches affected by incident/congestion
- Accurate delay, start and end location



- Current speed information on all relevant roads both congested and freeflow
 - Easy GIS integration



The 4 steps in accurate routing











Smart Planning



Travel Time: 62 minutes Distance: 50.0 km



Smart Planning



Travel Time: 58 minutes Distance: 51.1 km



Travel Time Isochrones (Service Areas)





Congestion Impact





Normal accessibility Area Accessible within 10 minutes of Origin Point



Exceptional accessibility 17:00 on a Friday Area Accessible within 10 minutes of Origin Point





Questions?

