

# Mapping for Community Driven Policy and Advocacy Activities

Christie Mettenbrink, MSPH
Epidemiologist
Denver Public Health



#### Denver, Colorado











#### Denver, Colorado













Policy advocacy

Public Health and advocacy

The power of community mapping for advocacy



### **Policy Advocacy**

 Activities that groups engage in with the goal of changing government, institutional, or private sector policy.



### **Policy Advocacy**

Persuasion



### Public Health and Community Advocacy

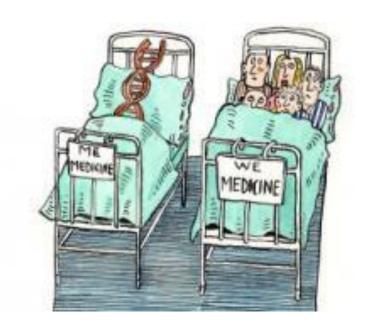


#### Public Health & Community Advocacy



- Focus of traditional medicine:
  - » Disease diagnosis, treatment, and care of individual patient

- Focus of public health:
  - » Disease prevention and health promotion for the whole community



#### Public Health & Community Advocacy







### Steps to Policy Advocacy

- 1. Define a policy problem
- 2. Analyze the problem and potential solutions
- 3. Select a campaign strategy
- 4. Implement the campaign
  - Community engagement



### **Community Engagement**

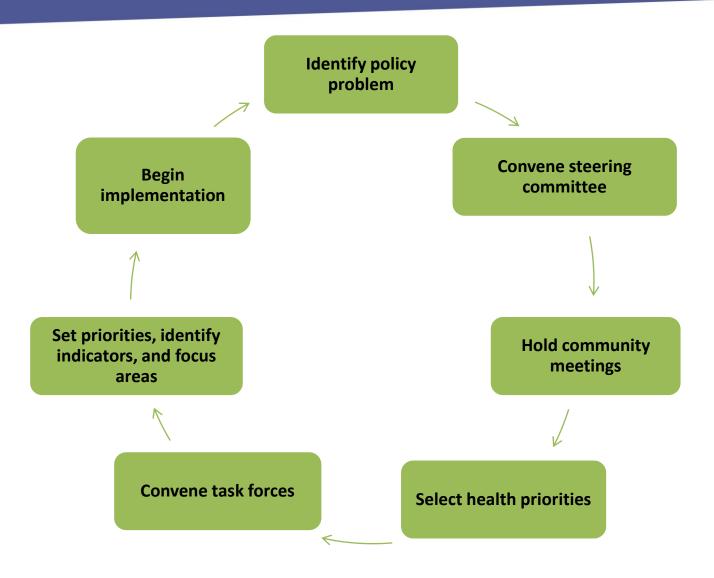
Educate the public

Communicate messages through the media

Create/participate in coalitions

#### Advocacy





#### The power of mapping











#### We have changed how much we walk or bike

- Percent of children who walk or bike to school:
- 1974: 66%
- 2000: **13%**

(CDC, 2000)

#### The power of mapping



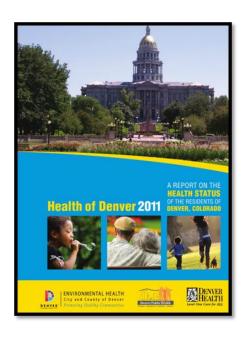








### Community Health Assessment (CHA)





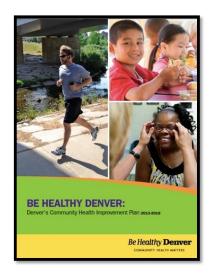
New CHA
January 2015



Community Health Assessment (CHA)



Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP)





Community Health Assessment (CHA)

Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP)

5 Year Goals

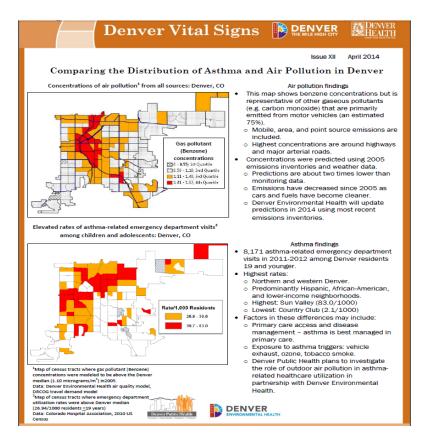
**Access to Care** 

Healthy Eating, Active Living (HEAL)

#### **Advocacy**





















Advancing Policies to Support Healthy Eating and Active Living











# The Power of Community Mapping for Advocacy

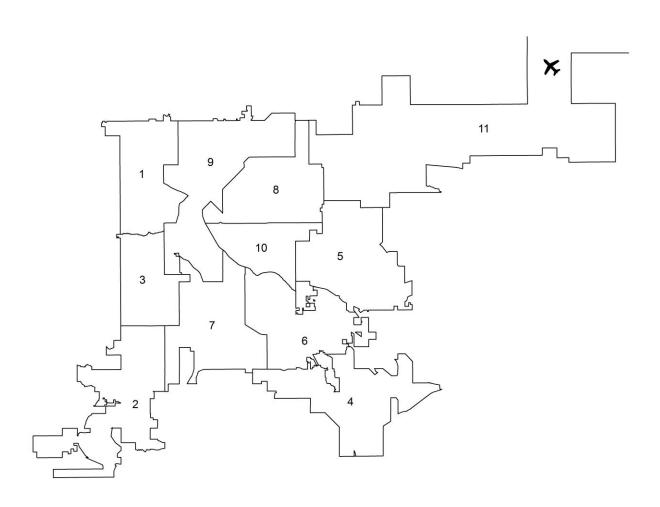


### Maps Can Engage the Community!



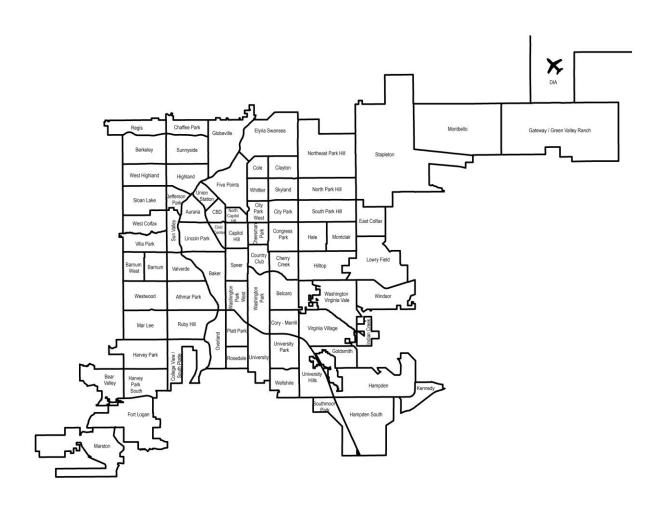
#### The power of mapping





#### The power of mapping





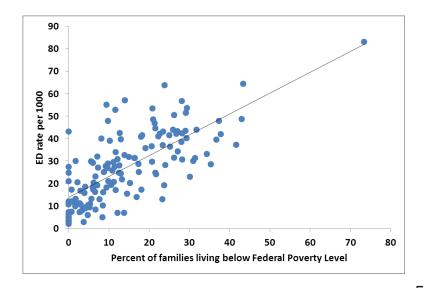
# The power of mapping: Advantages

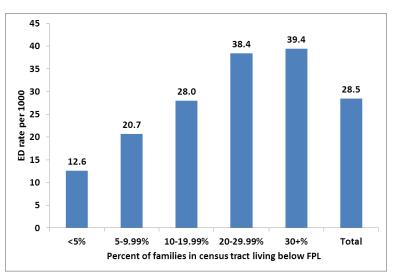


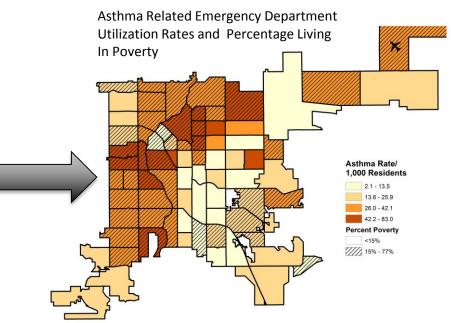
### Community Mapping Advantages

# The power of mapping: Advantages





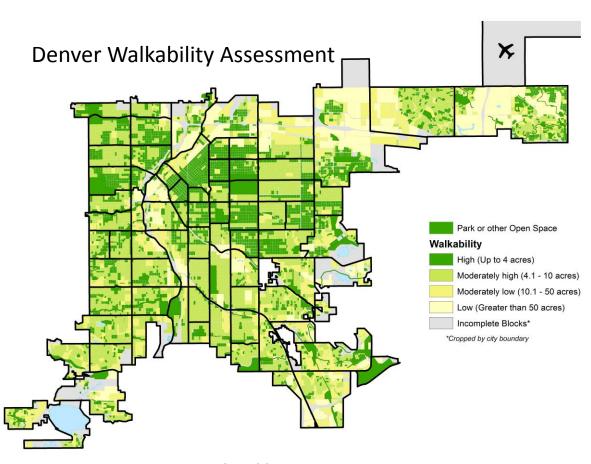




Source: Colorado Hospital Association (2011-2012) and 2010 US Census

# The power of mapping: Advantages

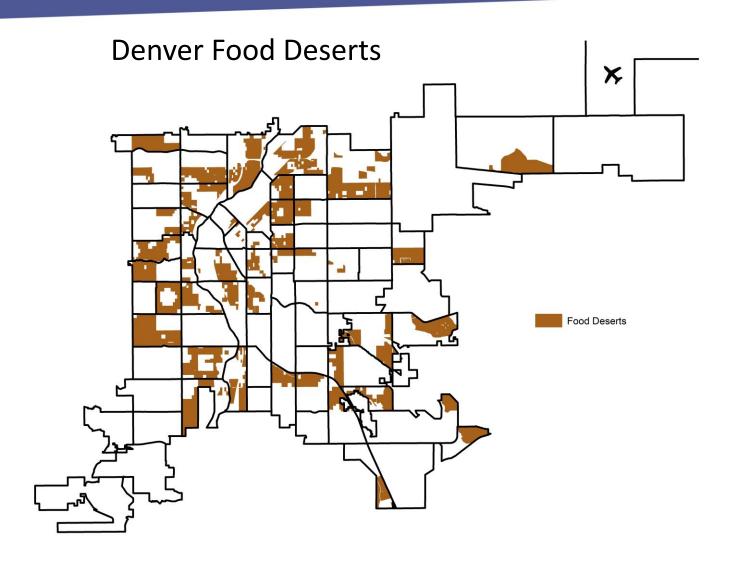




Source: Denver Environmental Health

# The power of mapping: Understanding Conditions



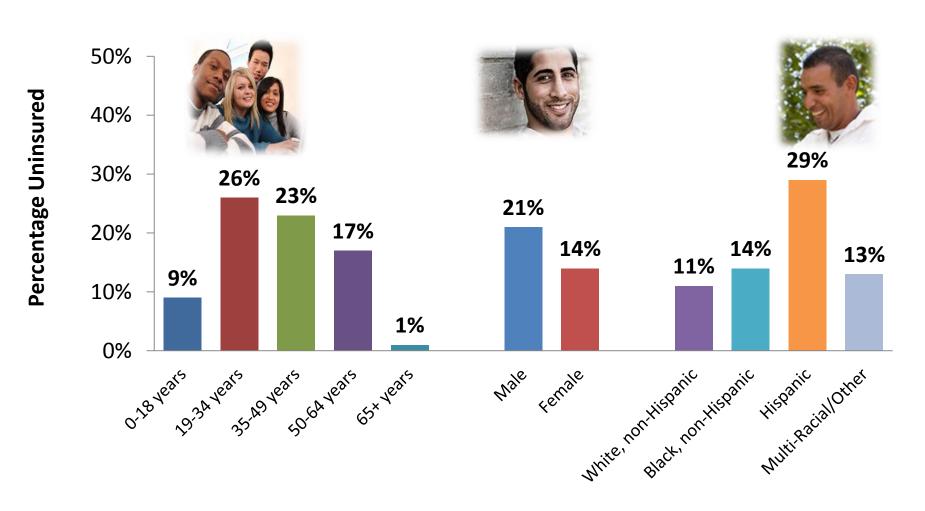


Source: Denver GIS, InfoGroup, Denver Environmental Health, HUD, 2010 US Census

# The power of mapping: Comparing Places

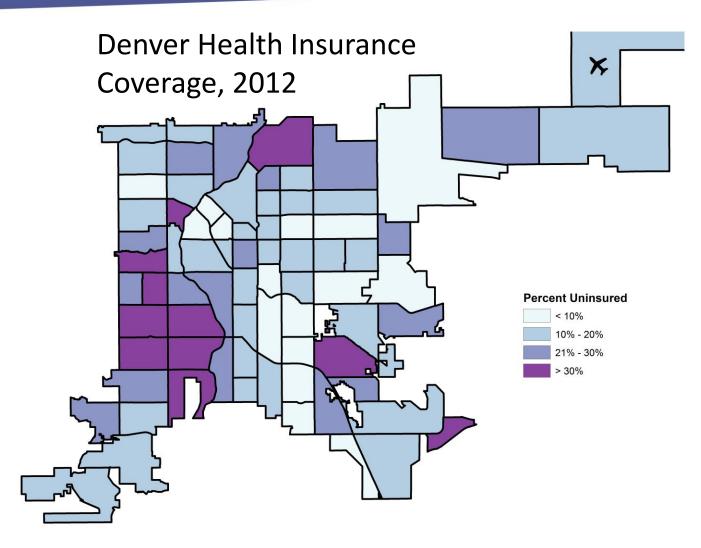


#### Roughly 1 in 5 Denver residents are uninsured:



# The power of mapping: Comparing Places

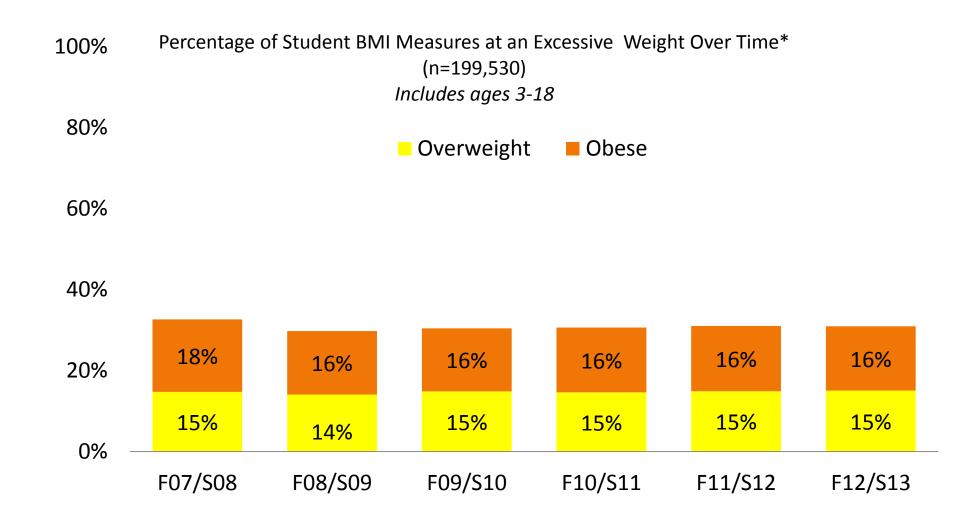




Source: American Community Survey 2008-2012

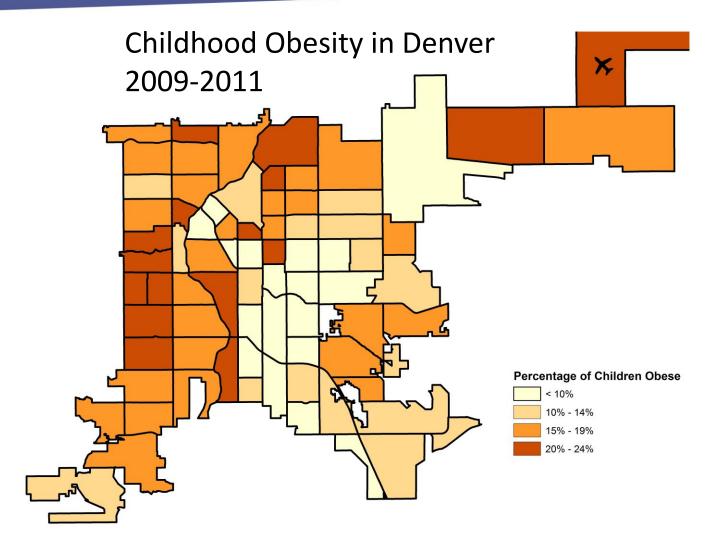
# The power of mapping: Potential Relationships





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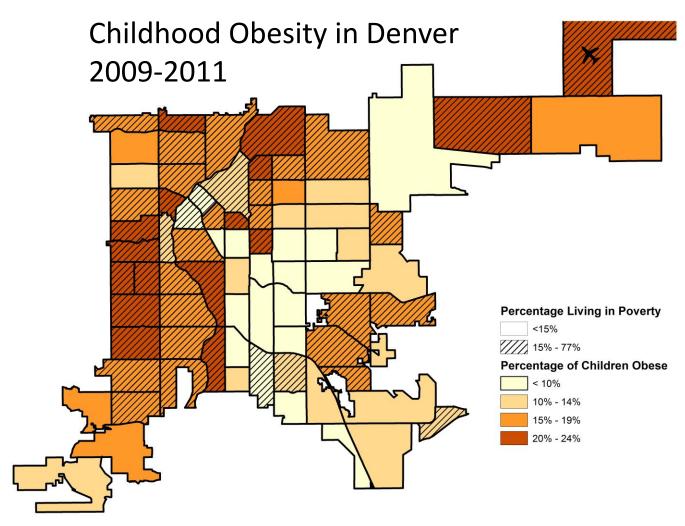




Source: BMI Registry Project through the Colorado Health Foundation and Kaiser Permanente of Colorado

# The power of mapping: Potential Relationships





Source: BMI Registry Project through the Colorado Health Foundation and Kaiser Permanente of Colorado



### Challenges to Community Mapping



# The power of mapping: Challenge



### Data Access and Quality

- Confidentiality
  - Health data
    - Limited availability with geographic identifiers

# The power of mapping: Challenge



### Data Access and Quality

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Cost

# The power of mapping: Challenge



### Data Access and Quality

- Confidentiality
  - Health data
    - Limited availability with geographic identifiers

Cost

- Accuracy & Completeness
  - US Census



### **Conclusions**

- Maps can engage the community
  - Useful at multiple stages of advocacy

Data access and sharing is crucial

Lead with the policy goal, not the map!



## Thank you!

### Christie.mettenbrink@dhha.org

