Detecting and Mapping Ancient Mountain Trails and Ritual Sites

Creating Digital Don Juan Mountain, Chiapas, Mexico
Geographic Setting
Ancient Sites and Caves

Don Juan Mountain and its Environs
Why Caves?
Why Mountains?
Opportunities and Purpose

- Karen Bassie-Sweet’s request
- Creating a model of the mountain
- Possibility of finding landscape features that would lead to ancient trails and caves
- Digital elevation model
- Aerial photos
- Accessing paper maps to add other features
- Use of ERDIS and ArcMap
Procedures and Approaches

- The Challenge of doing GIS in Central America
- Acquiring digital data through the Internet
- Georeferencing and digitizing paper maps
- Finding, reading and incorporating historic accounts of people crossing the mountain and using the ritual circuit
- Determining which techniques to use in ERDAS and ArcMap 9.2
A Perilous Trip
They Did Not Take the Least Cost Path

Legend
- Least Cost Path
- Towns
The Challenge of Paper Maps

- Finding them
- Making them digital
- Georeferencing them
- Digitizing
- Using in association with other data
- Resolving inconsistent line registrations
Example Paper Map
Using the Georeferencing Tool
Tasseled Cap Transformation

- Used LandSat images and the ERDIS Imagine software to perform tasseled cap transformation so that the greenest vegetation would be evident.
- Then manipulated the color ramp to make it stand out.
- Healthiest vegetation indicates water, thus potential springs.
- In a karstic environment, springs can indication the presence of caves.
Where Are the Caves?
Overlaying Greenest Vegetation Raster With Slope Raster and Plotting a Course

Combining Tasseled Cap Transformation, % Slope = Potential Ancient Path

Areas of Greatest Slope are Shown Progressively from Green > Orange > Red

Dark Blue Indicates Healthiest Vegetation and Possibly Caves with Water

Legend
- General USGS Map Path
- Rivers and Streams

San Pedro

Cerro Norte

Ancient Palenque

Don Juan Mountain

Cerro Cojolite
Satellite Imagery Used With Imagine and ArcMap

- **Satellite:** Landsat
- **Sensor:** MSS
- **Path:** 21  **Row:** 48
- **Swath:** 185 X 185 meters
- **Date Collected:** 1972 - 1992
- **Bands:** 4
- **Spatial Resolution:** 60 X 80 meters
- **Projection:** UTM, Zone 15 North
- **Datum:** WGS 1984  **Ellipsoid:** WGS 1984
Subset of Original

- **Location:** Chiapas, Mexico
- **Area:** Approx. 940 Sq. Kilometers

**Other Data Used:**
- 50 Meter Digital Elevation Model
- Aerial Photographs
Conclusions and Future Work

- I cannot state definitively that I have found a ritual path with associated caves on Don Juan Mountain, but I have been able to derive a very good possibility.

- This possible ancient path should be ground-truthed to determine if it is the same path used by Stephens and Catherwood, and to investigate the possibility that there might be ritual caves along it. Stephens makes no mention of any caves, however his main goal was crossing the mountain to reach Palenque, not the exploration of caves.
Conclusions and Future Work
Continued...

- I have become more skilled at using the georeferencing tool so it would be helpful to re-georeference several of the paper maps and re-digitize the roads and streams.
- The aerial photos have visible foot trails and I have begun to digitize them, knowing that they offer more clues to the ancient paths.
- Place names are inconsistent and talking with local residents would help resolve some of these issues.