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What you Need to Know About Managing an Enterprise GIS Project

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Planning and Managing Successful GIS Projects

1. **Focus on the business workflow**
2. **Fit the management of the project to the scope/scale**
3. **Break it into small workable pieces**
4. **Always be in SELL mode**
5. **Manage change**
6. **Involve IT team early**
7. **Do not get enamored with technology**
8. **Requirements, requirements, requirements**
9. **Use COTS as much as possible**
10. **Implementation is a continuous process**

Focus on the business workflow

- What business workflows are you supporting?
 - Replacing an existing legacy system
 - Replacing an existing manual system
 - Creating a new business opportunity
- What value are you adding?
- Who are the users of the system?
 - What are their real priorities
 - How do they view this effort
 - Who are the champions
- How do you measure success?



Fit the management of the project to its scale/scope

- One management style does not work for all projects
- Decide what level of communication is important
- Recognize what is important for your project
 - Every project needs a plan
- Manage to the triple constraints:



Change in one affects the others

Break it into small workable pieces

- Use a phased approach
- Use 4, 8, 12 week increments
 - Clearly define requirements and workflows that will be in each
 - Try and complete a workflow in each spiral
- Communicate overall plan
 - MS Project



Take small steps

You need to be in SELL mode

- Communicate with key stakeholders
- Style of communications needs to vary
 - Formal reports
 - Informal reports
- Plan key dates into the schedule
 - Promote success
 - Visibility



Communicate...upward, downward and across teams

Manage change

- Changes happen in every project
 - Schedule, requirements, priorities, budget, resources, etc.
- Be clear about the consequences
- Earlier they are identified the better
- Key elements of change communication
 - Simple, Direct, Constant & Consistent



It will happen....get over it

Involve IT team early

- Key stakeholder
- Understand policy and standards
- Identify hardware and network impacts
- Consider security model and impacts
- Identify who will support system
- Plan to educate and train staff (including IT staff)



And keep them involved

Do not get enamored with technology

- Remember what you are trying to deliver
 - Be careful of the “shiny” object
 - Does it address the mission need
 - Will this technology meet the goals of the business case
 - Don't build/deliver a sports car if you need a truck



Focus on key business functions

Requirements, requirements, requirements

- Describe WHAT not HOW
- Be “testable”
- Provide traceability throughout the project
- Support design and application development activities
- Model business process and user interaction
- Define interfaces with other IT systems



THE most important part of a project

Requirements, requirements, requirements

Bringing it all together

Customer requirements

ID	Requirement
32	User must be able to search for images using a point buffer
...	...

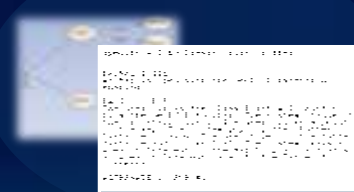
Revised requirements

ID	Type	Functional Area	Requirement	Original Requirement
101	F	Desktop Client \ Discovery \ Search Filter	User must be able to specify an area of interest by selecting a point feature on the map and inputting a radius (square buffer)	User must be able to search for images using a point buffer
102	F	Desktop Client \ Discovery \ Search Filter	User must be able to specify an area of interest by drawing a point on the map and inputting a radius (square buffer)	User must be able to search for images using a point buffer
104	F	Desktop Client \ Discovery \ Search Filter	All coordinate entry should support both decimal degree (DD) and degrees/minutes/seconds (DMS) input	User must be able to search for images using a point buffer
...

Business processes



Use cases

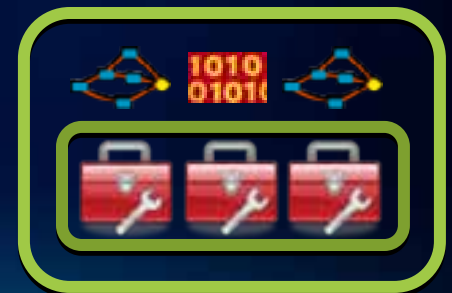


Domain model



Use COTS as much as possible

- Maximizing commercial off the shelf (COTS) software in a GIS system
- System meets business goals by leveraging COTS
 - Configures and extends COTS
 - Avoids developing software
- Immediate capability...continually improving via COTS release cycles
- Users engaged early and often to iteratively improve system



Implementation is a continuous process

- Business process insertion
- Job/mission specific training
- Operations and support
 - Helpdesk
 - Software release schedules
 - Integration issues
 - Natural disasters
- Measure benefits
 - Is value being realized
 - Are users leveraging the system



Assess what is critical and focus on it

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Discussion



Additional Resources



- ESRI project methodology
 - www.esri.com/services/professional-services/methodology.html
- Business case resources
 - [*The Business Benefits of GIS: an ROI Approach*](#)—Outlines case studies and general methodology for doing cost-benefit analysis
 - [*Thinking About GIS*](#)—Roger Tomlinson
 - www.esri.com/getting_started/executives/success.html
- Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK)
 - www.pmi.org

Additional Resources: Books



- *Software Requirements (2nd Edition)* by Karl Wieggers, Microsoft Press, 2003
- *Applying UML and Patterns (2nd Edition)* by Craig Larman, Prentice-Hall, 2001
- *Use Case Driven Object Modeling with UML* by Doug Rosenberg and Matt Stephens, Apress, 2008
- *Agile Development with ICONIX Process* by Doug Rosenberg, Matt Stephens, and Mark Collins, Apress, 2005
 - www.iconixsw.com/
- *Software Project Survival Guide* by Steve McConnell, Microsoft Press, 1997



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