

# Python: Automating Network Analysis Workflows

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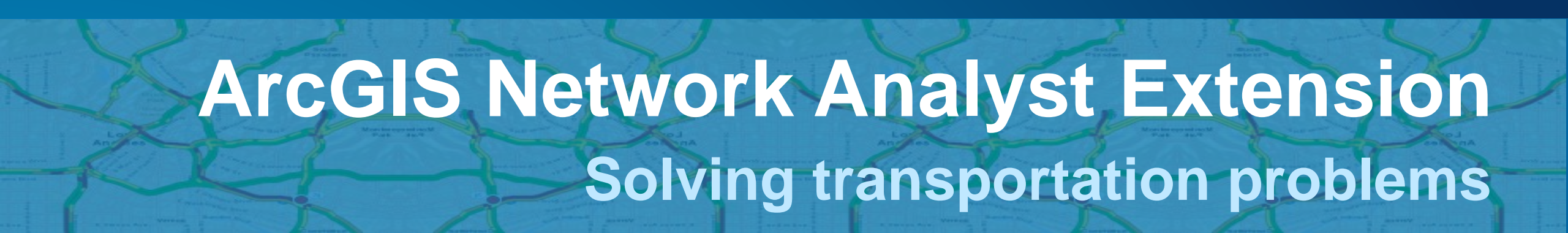
# Agenda

- About **ArcGIS Network Analyst**
- Network analysis using **ArcGIS Online**
  - Accessing services
  - Passing credentials
- Network analysis using **ArcGIS Desktop**
  - Network Analyst Python Module (arcpy.na)
  - Network analysis workflow
  - Tips and tricks

Slides and code samples from this demo theater

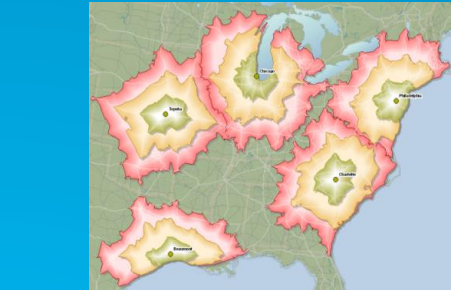
<http://esriurl.com/ds17napy>

# ArcGIS Network Analyst

A map of Los Angeles with a blue overlay and white text. The text reads "ArcGIS Network Analyst Extension" in a large, bold, white font, and "Solving transportation problems" in a slightly smaller, bold, white font below it. The background is a map of Los Angeles with a blue overlay and white text.

# ArcGIS Network Analyst Extension

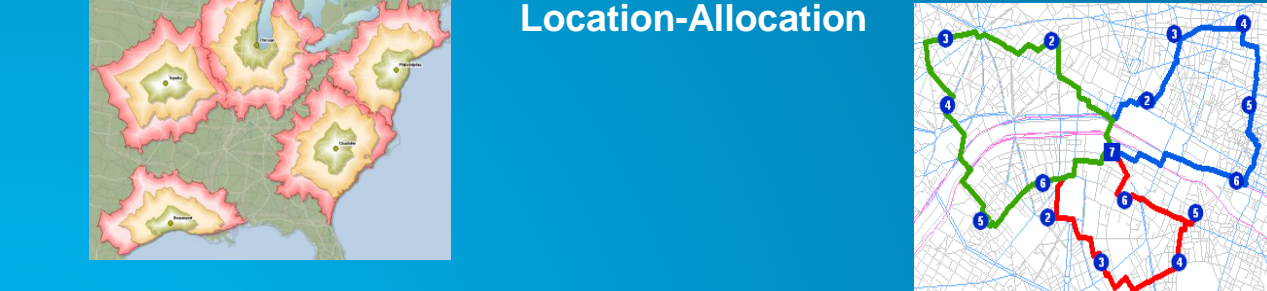
## Solving transportation problems



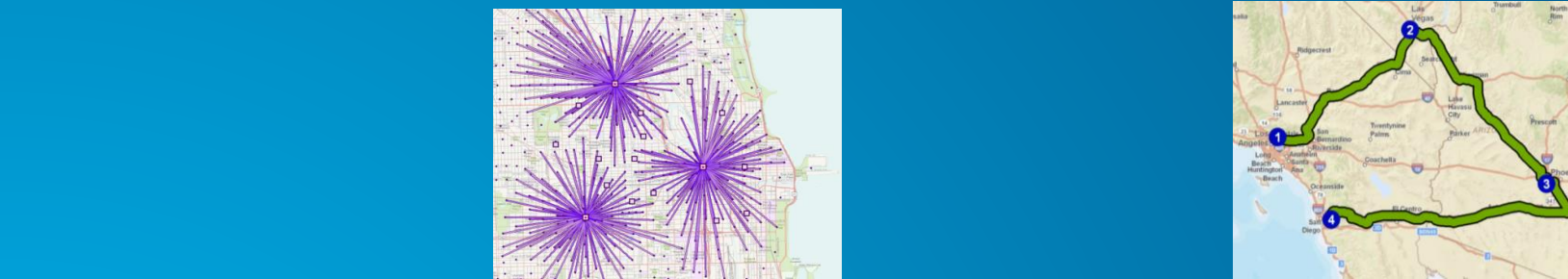
## Service Area



## Location-Allocation

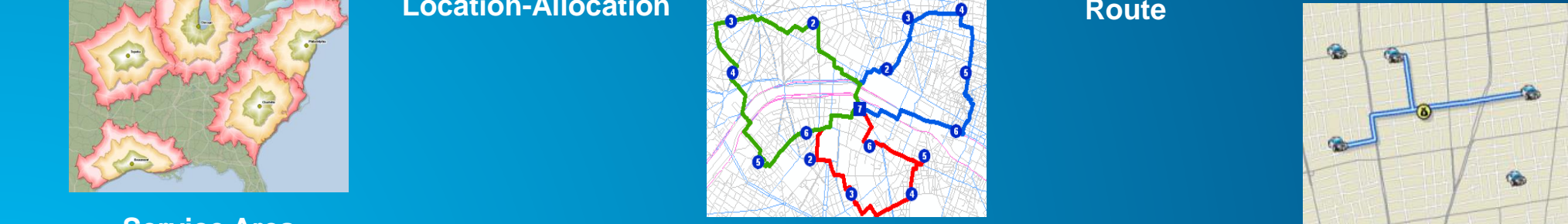


Service Area	Vehicle Routing Problem
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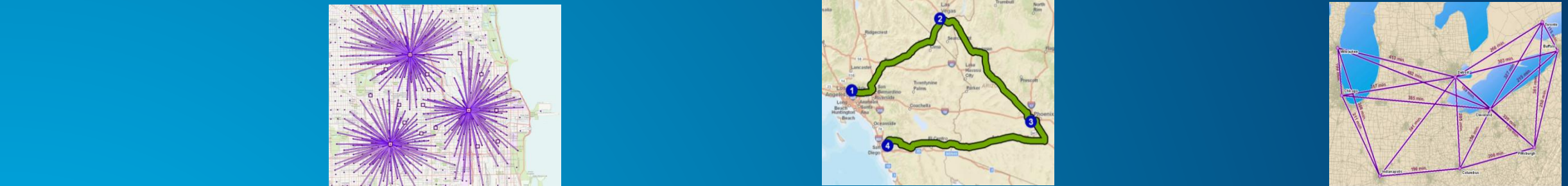



**Location-Allocation**

**Route**



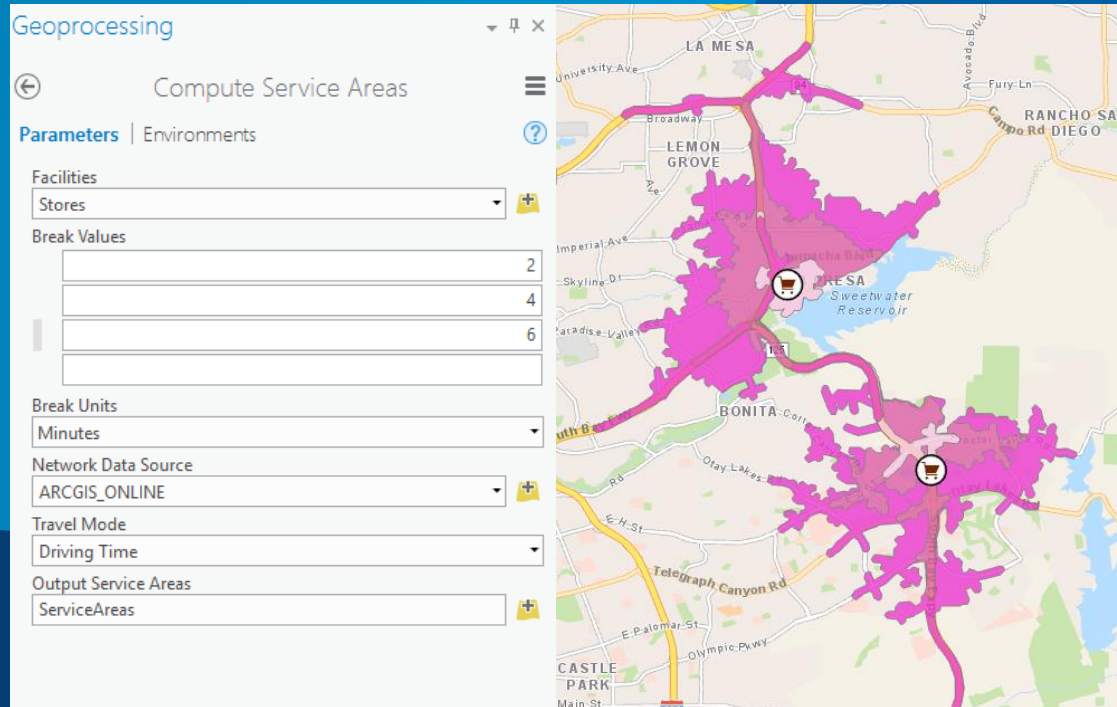
Vehicle Routing Problem	Closest Facility
<p>Find the shortest route that visits all customers and returns to the depot.</p> <p>Customers are represented by dots, and the depot is represented by a square.</p>	<p>Find the shortest route from a depot to a set of facilities.</p> <p>Customers are represented by dots, and the depot is represented by a square.</p>



The diagram illustrates the four main components of the location-allocation problem:

- Location-Allocation:** A map showing a region with a river and several locations (represented by dots) and their surrounding catchment areas (shaded regions).
- Route:** A map showing a network of roads with a specific route highlighted in green and blue, connecting locations 1, 2, 3, and 4.
- Origin-Destination Cost Matrix:** A table showing the cost (distance or time) between various origin and destination locations.



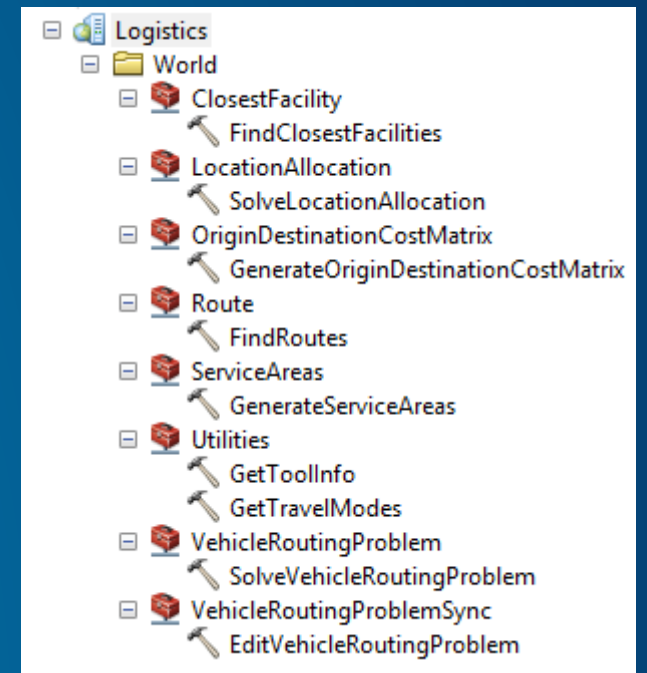


**Demo:**  
**Network Analysis**  
using script tools

# **Network analysis using ArcGIS Online**

# Network Analysis using ArcGIS Online Services

- Ready to use
  - Managed by Esri
  - High quality street data
  - Worldwide coverage
- 
- Requires ArcGIS Online subscription with service credits
  - No need for Network Analyst Extension license
  - No need for your own network dataset





# Using Online Services from Python

- Import the appropriate toolbox
- Gather credentials (3 options)
  1. Include credentials in the script
  2. Store credentials in an ArcGIS Server connection file
  3. Use the token of the user signed into ArcGIS Desktop

```
# Construct the connection string to import the service toolbox
if username and password:
    tbx = "https://logistics.arcgis.com/arcgis/services;{0};{1};{2}".format(service_name, username, password)
elif ags_connection_file:
    tbx = "{0};{1}".format(ags_connection_file, service_name)
elif token and referer:
    tbx = "https://logistics.arcgis.com/arcgis/services;{0};token={1};{2}".format(service_name, token, referer)
else:
    raise arcpy.ExecuteError("No valid option specified to connect to the {0} service".format(service_name))

# Import the service toolbox
try:
    arcpy.ImportToolbox(tbx)
```

# Using Online Services from Python (continued...)

- Call the geoprocessing tool from the imported toolbox

```
# Call the service
arcpy.AddMessage("Executing the service tool.")
result = service.GenerateServiceAreas(self.facilities, self.breaks, self.break_units,
                                      Travel_Mode=self.travel_mode)
```

- Get the output

```
# Save the service areas to the output feature class.
arcpy.AddMessage("Saving the results from the service tool.")
result.getOutput(0).save(self.service_areas)
```

# Demo: Service Areas using ArcGIS Online

```
# Construct the connection string to import the service to
if username and password:
    tbx = "https://logistics.arcgis.com/arcgis/services;{0}"
elif ags_connection_file:
    tbx = "{0};{1}".format(ags_connection_file, service_name)
elif token and referer:
    tbx = "https://logistics.arcgis.com/arcgis/services;{0}"
else:
    raise arcpy.ExecuteError("No valid option specified to

# Import the service toolbox
try:
    arcpy.ImportToolbox(tbx)
```

# Network analysis using ArcGIS Desktop

# Network Analysis using ArcGIS Desktop

## arcpy.na python module

- Geoprocessing tools
- Helper methods
- Requires ArcGIS Network Analyst Extension license
- Use your own street data in a network dataset
- Customize ArcGIS and extend functionality





# Where do I get a network dataset?

- Purchase StreetMap Premium for ArcGIS
  - High quality ready-to-use network dataset
  - Can add your own street data as well



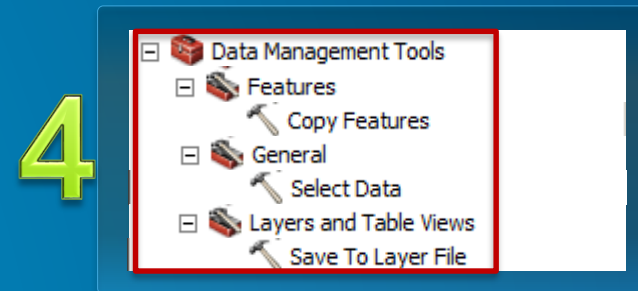
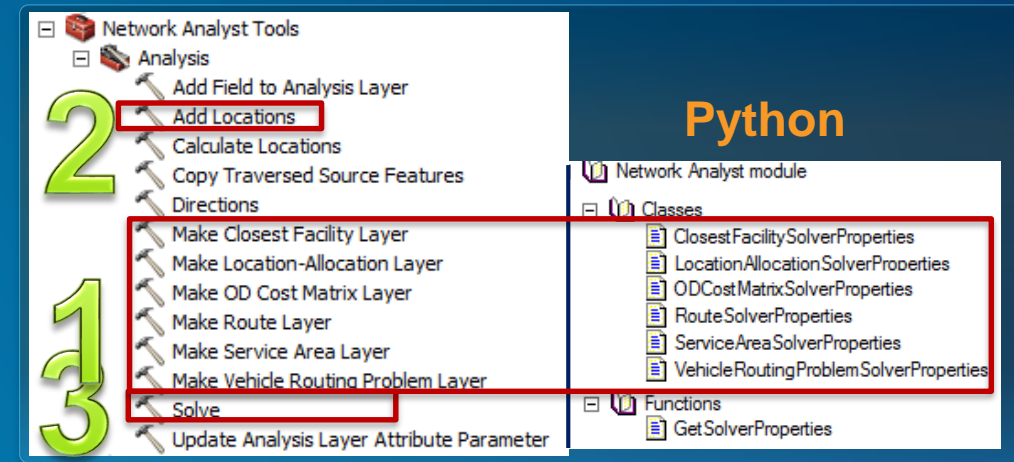
OR

- Build your own network dataset from:
  - Your organization's data
  - TIGER
  - OpenStreetMap (try ArcGIS Editor for OpenStreetMap)



# Network Analysis Workflow

1. Create analysis layer
2. Add locations
3. Solve
4. Use the results



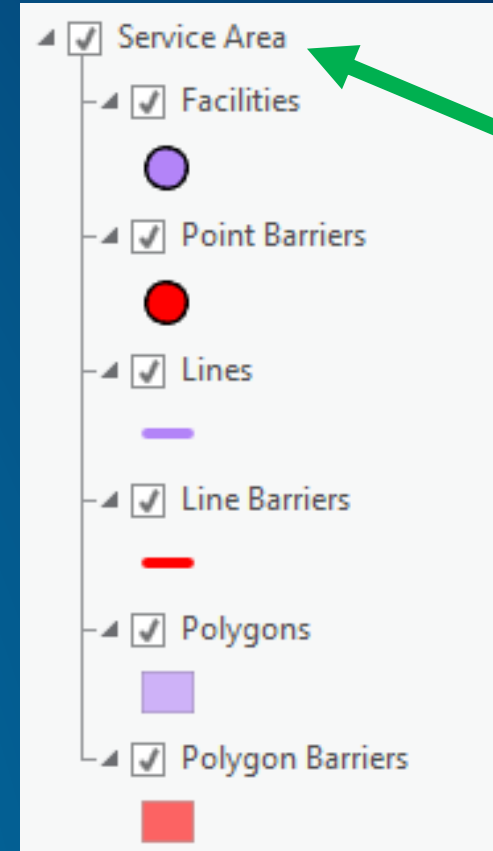
# 1. Create analysis layer

- Composite layer configured for a specific solver type (Route, Service Area, etc.)
- Contains analysis settings
- Contains input and output data (in sublayers)
- References a network dataset

## arcpy.na.MakeServiceAreaLayer()

```
# Create a new service area layer
arcpy.AddMessage("Creating service area analysis layer")
result = arcpy.na.MakeServiceAreaLayer(self.network_source, service_area_layer_name, impedance_attribute,
                                       "TRAVEL_FROM", self.breaks)

# Get the layer object from the result object. The service area layer can now be referenced using the layer
# object.
service_area_layer = result.getOutput(0)
```



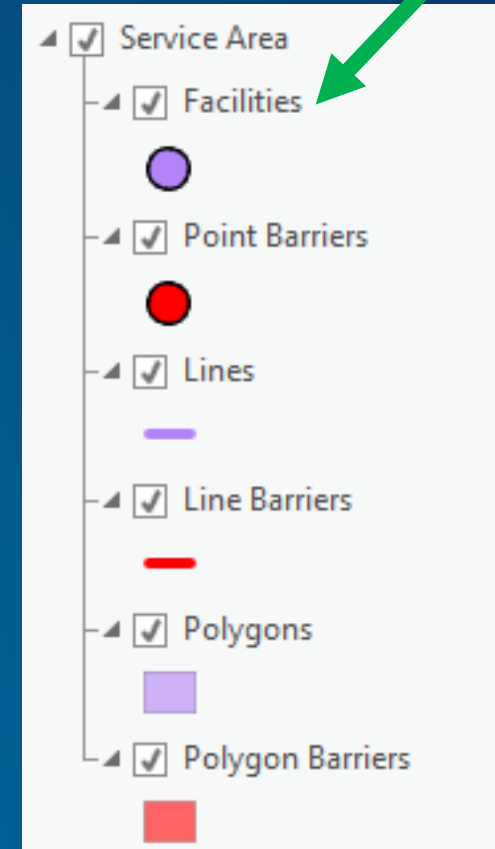
## 2. Add locations

- Add input data
- Add barriers if desired

**arcpy.na.AddLocations()**

**arcpy.na.NAClassFieldMappings()** to map fields

```
# Map the StoreName field from stores as Name field using field mappings
field_mappings = arcpy.na.NAClassFieldMappings(service_area_layer, facilities_layer_name)
field_mappings["Name"].mappedFieldName = "StoreName"
# Load the stores as facilities using the field mappings.
arcpy.AddMessage("Loading facilities")
arcpy.na.AddLocations(service_area_layer, facilities_layer_name, self.facilities, field_mappings,
                     search_tolerance)
```

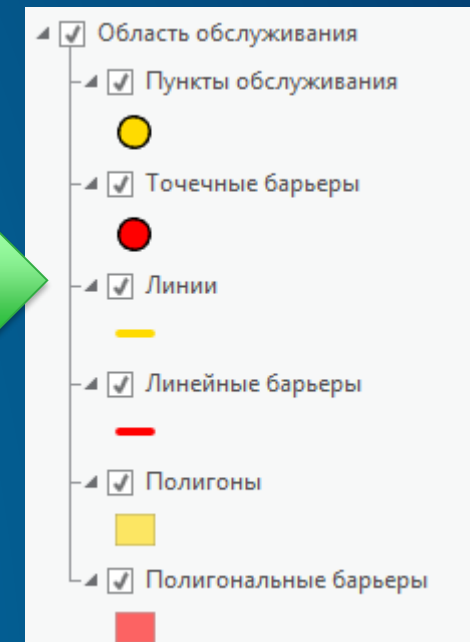
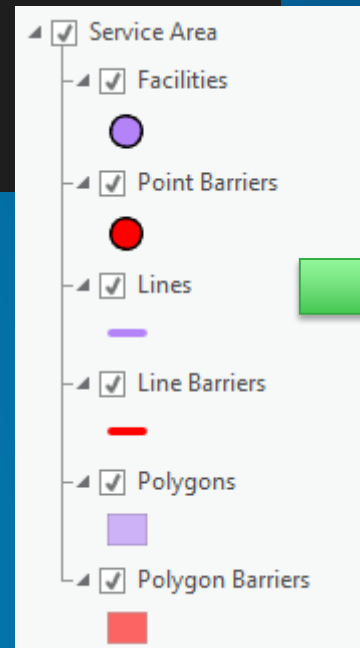


## Tip: Make localization-friendly scripts

- NA layer sublayer names are different across ArcGIS language versions
- Use **arcpy.na.GetNAClassNames()** to get localized sublayer names.

```
# Get the names of all the sublayers within the service area layer.  
sub_layer_names = arcpy.na.GetNAClassNames(service_area_layer)
```

```
# Stores the layer names that we will use later  
facilities_layer_name = sub_layer_names["Facilities"]  
polygons_layer_name = sub_layer_names["SAPolygons"]
```



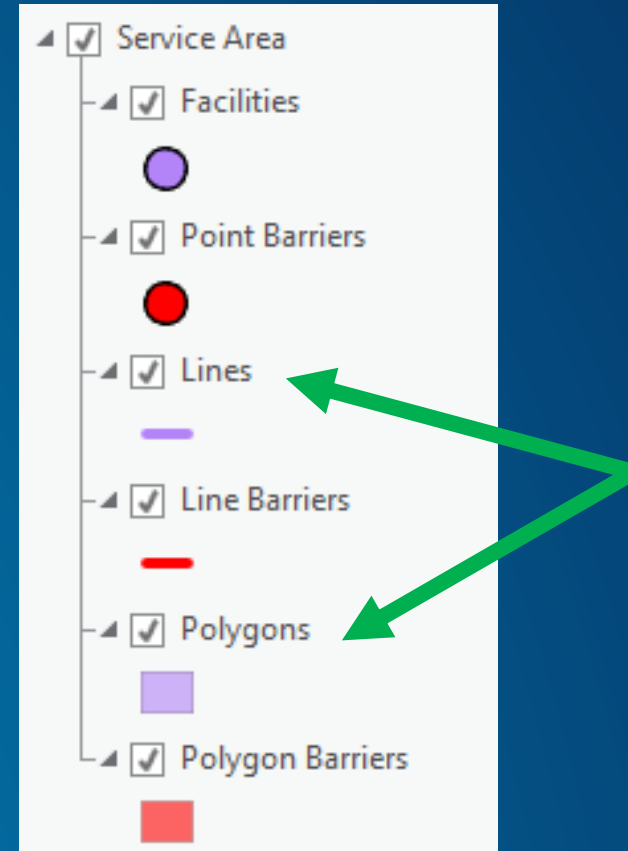


### 3. Solve

- Run the analysis
- Output is in the network analysis layer

#### arcpy.na.Solve()

```
arcpy.AddMessage("Performing service area analysis")  
arcpy.na.Solve(service_area_layer)
```



## Tip: Reuse existing network analysis layers

- Instead of creating a new network analysis layer
- Example: Solving the same analysis at different times of day in a loop
- Steps:
  1. Get reference to a network analysis layer object
  2. Get the solver properties object with **arcpy.na.GetSolverProperties()**
  3. Update the properties

```
#Get the Service Area Layer's solver properties. This can be used to
#set individual properties later without re-creating the layer.
solver_properties = arcpy.na.GetSolverProperties(layer_object)

#Solve the Service Area for each time of day in the time list
for t in times_of_day:
    #Use the solver properties to set the time of day for the solve
    solver_properties.timeOfDay = t

    #Solve the service area layer
    arcpy.na.Solve(layer_object)
```

## 4. Work with the results

- Save NA layer to disk using:
  - `arcpy.management.SaveToLayerFile()` (ArcMap)
  - `<NA layer object>.saveACopy()` (ArcGIS Pro)
- Access output sublayers using:
  - `arcpy.mapping.ListLayers()` (ArcMap)
  - `<NA layer object>.listLayers()` (ArcGIS Pro)

```
# Get the layer object for the output polygons.
if nast.NATool.is_arcgis_pro():
    # When using ArcGIS Pro, get the polygons sub layer using the listLayers method on the service area layer
    # object
    polygons_layer = service_area_layer.listLayers(polygons_layer_name)[0]
else:
    # When using ArcMap, get the polygons sub layer using the ListLayers function in the mapping module
    polygons_layer = arcpy.mapping.ListLayers(service_area_layer, polygons_layer_name)[0]
```

# Tip: Watch out for differences between ArcMap and ArcGIS Pro

- Python version syntax changes
  - ArcGIS Pro uses Python 3.5
  - ArcMap uses Python 2.7
- arcpy.na module changes
- You *can* write single script that works in both!

```
# Get the layer object for the output polygons.
if nast.NATool.is_arccgis_pro():
    # When using ArcGIS Pro, get the polygons sub layer using the listLayers method on the service area layer
    # object
    polygons_layer = service_area_layer.listLayers(polygons_layer_name)[0]
else:
    # When using ArcMap, get the polygons sub layer using the ListLayers function in the mapping module
    polygons_layer = arcpy.mapping.ListLayers(service_area_layer, polygons_layer_name)[0]
```

```
# Create a new service area layer
arcpy.AddMessage("Creating service area analysis layer")
result = arcpy.na.MakeServiceAreaLayer(self.network_source, serv
                                     "TRAVEL_FROM", self.break
# Get the layer object from the result object. The service area
# object.
service_area_layer = result.getOutput(0) # pylint: disable=no-m
```

# Demo: Service Areas using ArcGIS Desktop



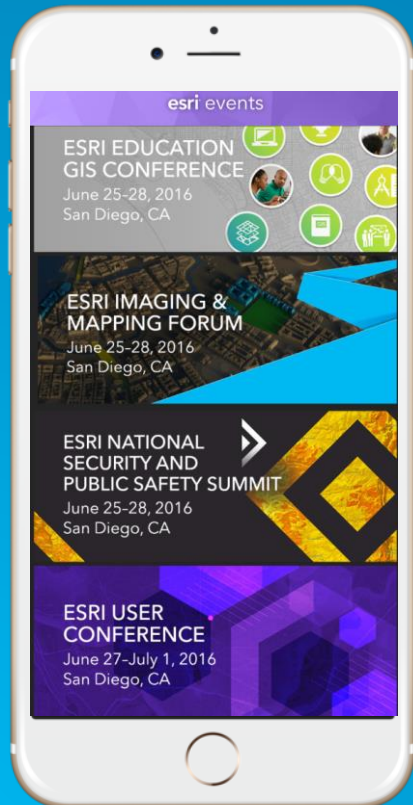
# Resources

- [ArcGIS Online services in the Network Analyst help](#)
- [Network Analyst tutorial](#)
- [Code samples in Network Analyst tools toolbox](#)

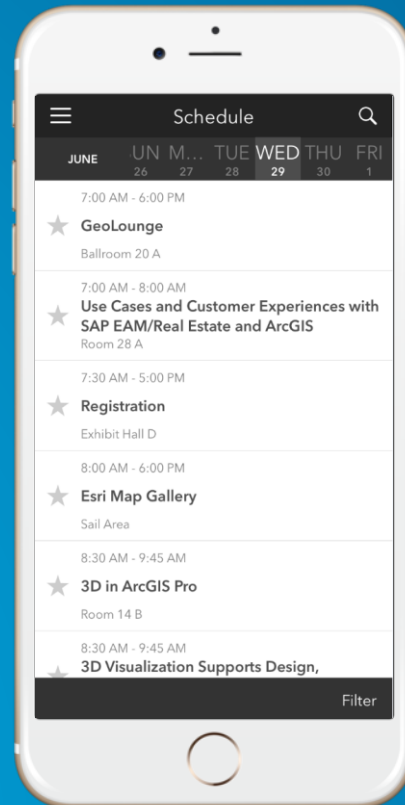
# Please take our Survey

Your feedback allows us to help maintain high standards and to help presenters

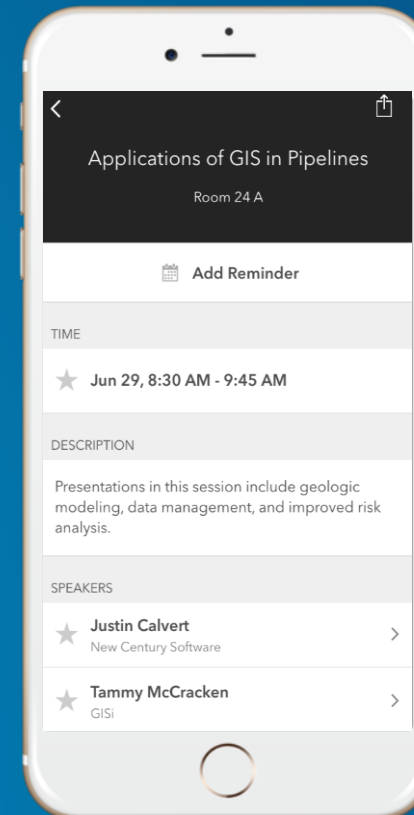
Find your event in the  
Esri Events App



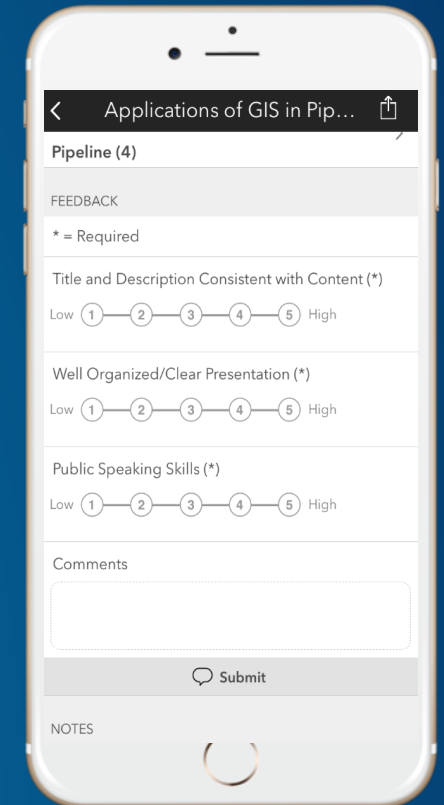
Find the session  
you want to review



Scroll down to the  
bottom of the session



Answer survey  
questions and submit



# Questions?

Slides and code samples from this demo theater:

<http://esriurl.com/ds17napy>



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SCIENCE  
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