

Cartography: Improving Representation Utilizing the Geodatabase

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Please! Tum OFF cell phones and paging devices



Presentation Overview

- 1. Introducing cartographic representations
 - What are they and how are they stored?
- 2. Working with representations
 - How do I symbolize my data with them?
- 3. Editing representations
- 4. Using geoprocessing tools with representations
 - Managing representations
 - Refining symbology

1.	Introducing cartographic representations

What is a cartographic representation?

- An intelligent way to symbolize features for cartographic purposes
- A solution to some common cartographic challenges that required workarounds in the past
- A storage model that stores symbol information in the geodatabase for re-use and sharing

What is a cartographic representation?

- Representations are:
 - property of a feature class
 - stored in the geodatabase
 - sometimes called *feature class representations*
- Representations store symbology without the creation of new data objects or file types

What can you do with representations?

- Create custom symbols
- Move symbols to resolve crowding
 - Maintain feature coordinates
 - No conversion to graphics
- Convert and enhance existing symbology easily and accurately









Why should I use representations?

- To produce a better map with intelligent symbology
- To generate multiple cartographic products from a single set of master feature classes
- Better map production process (everything happens in ArcGIS)
- Database management use geodatabase funtionality to store and manage symbology

Scope of representations

- Point, line, and polygon geodatabase feature classes
 - Not designed for other vector formats or for raster data
- Designed for qualitative symbology (categorical data)

 Representations and traditional ArcGIS symbology will coexist for the foreseeable future

The Representation symbology model

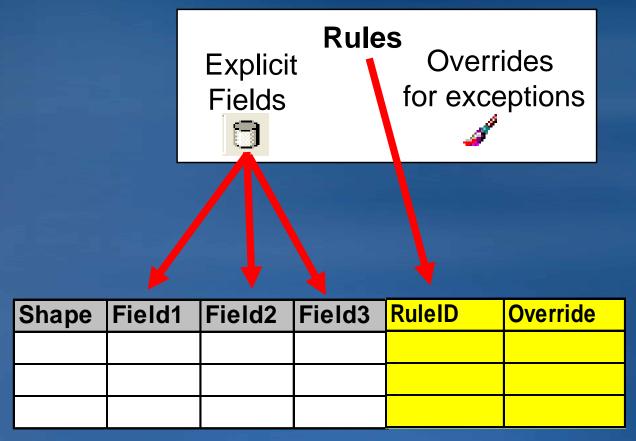
- Rule-based structure
 - Rule: a set of drawing instructions for features
 - Think of a rule as a category of features
 - Multiple categories of features translates to multiple rules
 - Stored as feature class attribute values
- Software components
 - Symbology renderer and interface
 - Symbol drawing environment
 - Toolbar to place and edit symbols
 - Geoprocessing tools to manage and automate cartography



OBJECTID	SHAPE	RuleID
4	Polygon	Elm
5	Polygon	Oak
	Polygon	Oak
7	Polygon	Pine
8	Polygon	Elm
9	Polygon	Pine
10	Polygon	Oak
11	Polygon	Elm

How are representations stored?

Inside the geodatabase



Feature Class attribute table

How are rules stored?

In the feature class extensions table

Feature table

Shape	Field1	Field2	Field3	RuleID	Override

Class	Rules

Feature Class Extensions table

When would I not use representations?

- When standard symbology is sufficient
- When data and map are still in progress
- Data grouped by numeric ranges or proportions
- When I want to web publish it using ArcIMS

Representations in the ArcGIS product family

- ArcEditor or ArcInfo needed to create or edit representations
- Recognized by all ArcGIS products

ArcView, ArcEditor, ArcInfo

ArcGIS Server

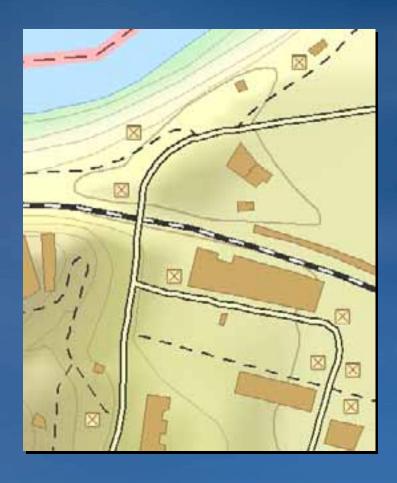
ArcGlobe, ArcScene

ArcGIS Explorer

ArcReader

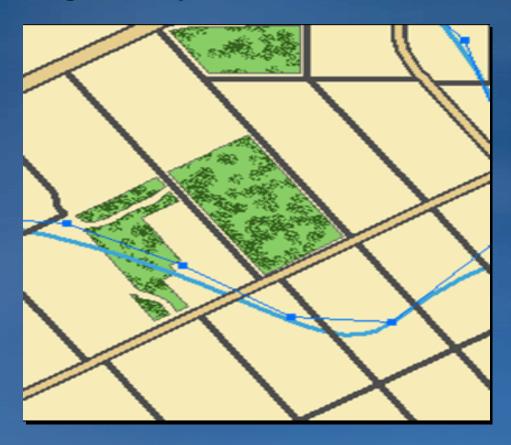
2. Working with representations

• Representations are an advanced way to symbolize features cartographically according to rules



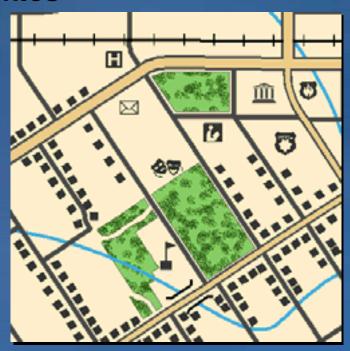


Representations can draw features differently from their spatial geometry



Rivers are drawn smooth although geometry is jagged

 Feature classes can support multiple representations to display features differently on different maps without creating additional files

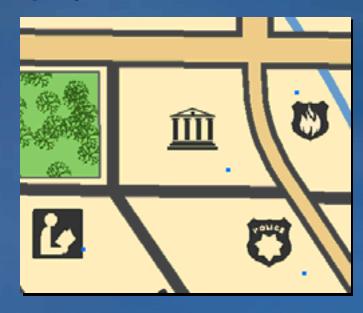




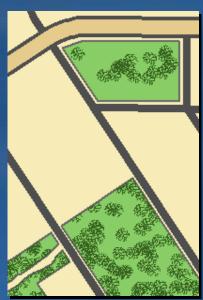
The same data represented two ways

Both versions are stored in the data, not in map documents or layers

 Representations can be tailored for individual features by overriding properties of the rule to improve the cartographic display



Symbols are offset from their spatial location to avoid conflicts



The rule for one park is changed to not draw trees near the park edges

 Making maps with representations can be automated using geoprocessing tools

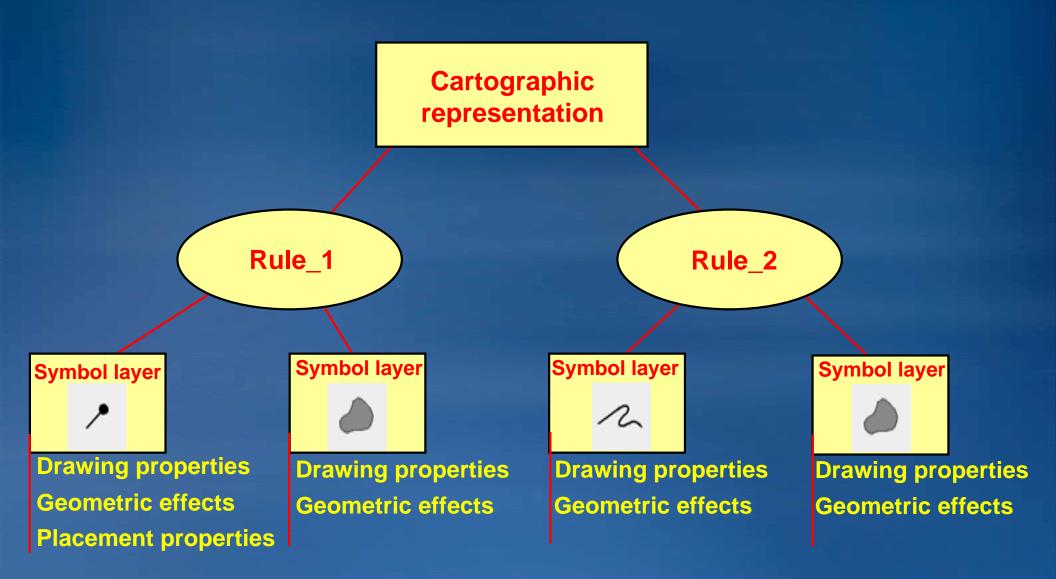


Buildings oriented to the nearest linear symbol



Bridges created at intersections and rivers automatically masked

The structure of representations



Representation rules

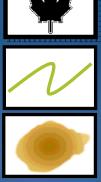
- A representation is a collection of rules or drawing instructions for feature classes
 - Convert existing symbology to rules
 - Build new representation rules
- Rules create and symbolize dynamic geometry independent of spatial geometry
- Rules can be managed in ArcCatalog or ArcMap
- Representation rules can be shared using styles

Representation rule properties

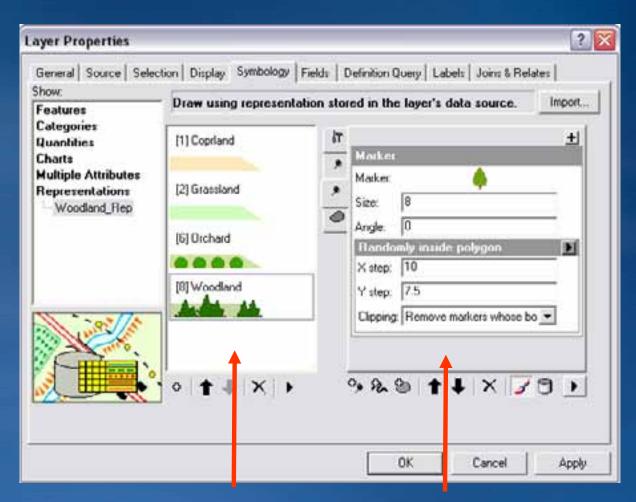
- Symbol layers
 - Marker



Fill



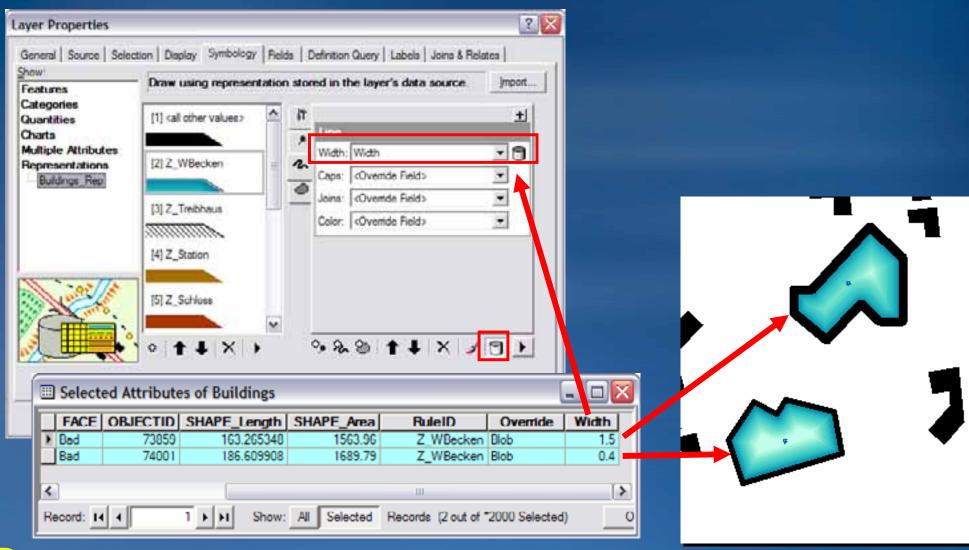
- Geometric effects
 - Dynamically alter display geometry
- Marker placement styles
 - Place representation markers relative to input geometry
- The building blocks of rules



Representation rules

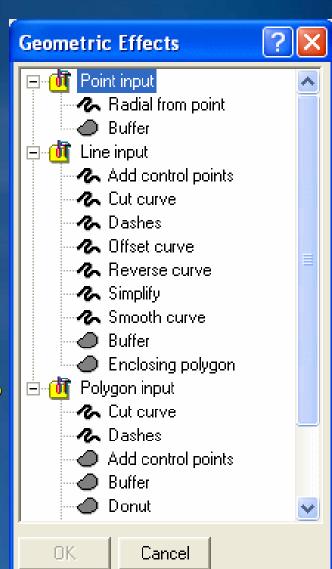
Representation rule properties

Rule properties can be mapped to fields



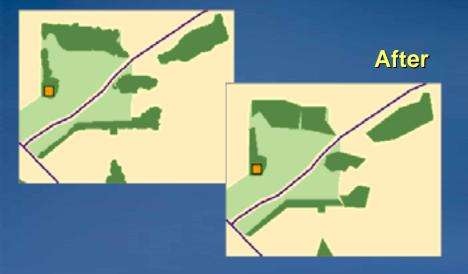
Geometric effects

- Operations that process representation (symbol) geometry, not feature geometry
 - -Some resemble geoprocessing tools like Buffer, Simplify Line, and Smooth line
 - Others resemble editing tools like Flip, Trim, and Copy Parallel
- Used for cartographic purposes
 - When the output is for appearance, not for analysis
 - Think of representation geometry as a symbol property to manipulate (like color, size, angle or width)



Sample geometric effects

Simplify effect on groves
Before



Bear Control Area

Simplify and Dashes effects

Marker Placement styles

- Position markers
 - Along lines and polygon outlines
 - Within polygons
 - In relation to points



feature coordinates

Markers spaced evenly

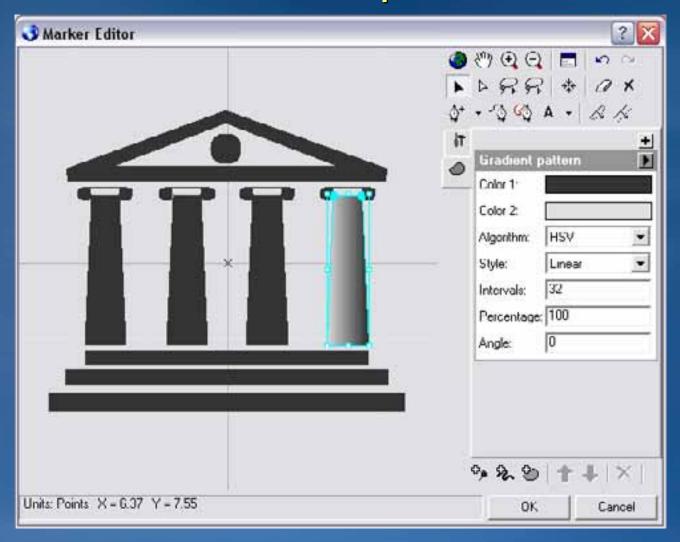
inside polygon feature

Representation markers

- Representation markers symbolize:
 - point representation geometry
 - significant locations in line or polygon representations
- Representation markers can be created and modified using the Marker Editor
- Representation markers can be stored in a style, then managed using the Style Manager

The Marker Editor

• Interact with all elements of a representation marker



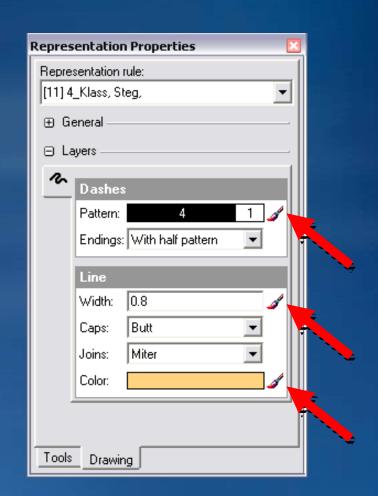
3. Editing representations

What is a representation override?

- Overrides are exceptions to the rules
- Overrides are made while editing
- Property overrides (appearance)
 - Examples include changing the size, color, width or angle of the feature representation
- Shape overrides (location)
 - Change the shape or position of the feature representation independently of the feature's geometry

How do you edit representations?

- The representation rule properties of individual features can be modified in an edit session
 - update rule properties by typing new values
 - or, interactively with the representation editing tools
- Each modification becomes an override to the representation rule
 - shown with a paintbrush icon



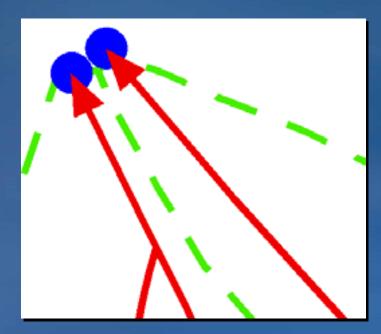
Overriding representation geometry

- Geometry can be edited using the tools on the Representation toolbar
- Stores an override copy of geometry in the Override field, or (unusual) modifies feature geometry in Shape field
 - Only makes sense for specific data model and workflow
 - This setting is a property of the representation; it is set when the feature class representation is created

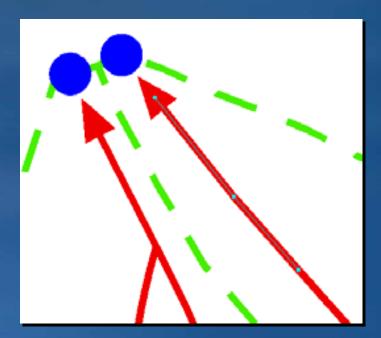


Overriding representation geometry

• Edit representation geometry without affecting feature geometry



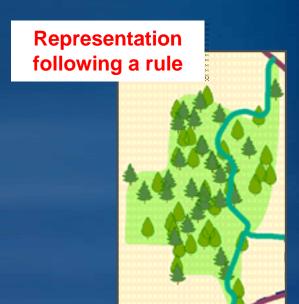
Default database placement



Representation geometry moved to resolve conflict (shape override)

More symbol control: Free representations

- Use a free representation when rules and rule overrides can't capture the graphical depiction of the feature as desired on a map
- Unique representation for a feature
 - For complete control over feature display
 - Disengages feature from rule
 - Independent copy of the rule in the Override field
 - Try more complex rules and overrides first





Editing representations: When to edit representations?

- Only edit/override once rules are right
 - Decide which layers in the map could be improved with more control over the symbols
 - Convert the existing symbology of those layers to feature class representations
 - Adjust the representation rules to refine the depiction
 - Map properties to fields to customize
- Now do edits
 - Override as necessary
 - Create free representations as a last resort

4. Processing representations

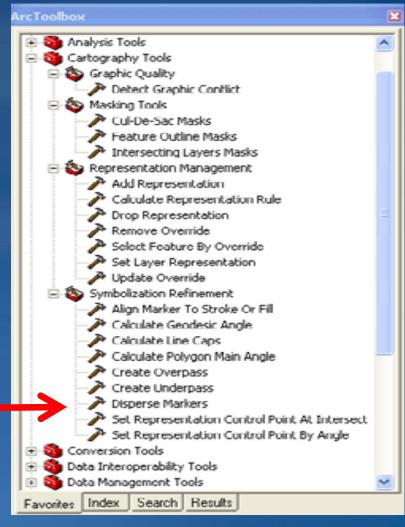
Geoprocessing tools for representations

 In ArcGIS 9.3, ArcToolbox has two new geoprocessing tools inside of the Cartography toolbox

Symbolization Refinement toolset

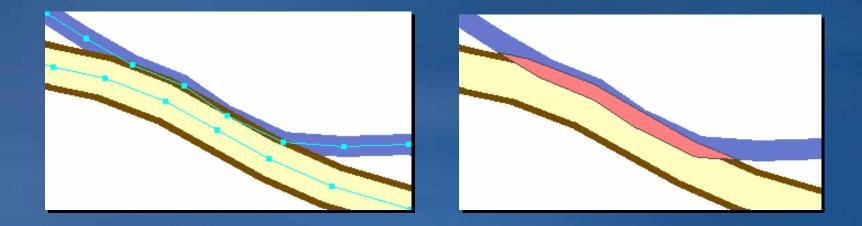


Set Representation Control Point at Intersect



Graphic Quality toolset

- Detect Graphic Conflict tool
 - Finds areas where representation symbology overlaps, even if data does not

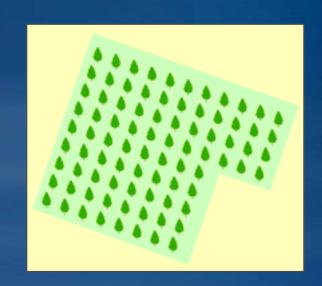


Representation Management toolset

- Select Feature by Override tool
 - Select features that have property overrides, shape overrides, or both
- Update Override tool
 - Moves overrides from the Override field into the explicit fields as defined by the representation rule
- Plus lots more:
 - Create Representation
 - Drop Representation
 - Remove Override

Symbolization Refinement toolset

- Calculate Polygon Main Angle tool
 - Finds dominant direction of a polygon
 - Adjusts marker symbols to follow the main polygon angle



- Create Overpass tool
 - Creates overpass masks and builds parapets



ModelBuilder

 Good for automation * Road_over_Rail Model Edit View Window Help 및 등 보면의 · #131111 인기원의 시간 › Create Overpass Input Above Features With Representations Road_over_ rail_Relate Road_network Input Below Features With Representations Railway_network Margin Along Create road_uver_ Points Overpass Margin Across Points Houst network Output Overpass Feature Class C:\Geodata\Europe\Swiss\Swiss_Larger\Aarau_Larger_25K.gdb\Masks_and_De Road over Rail parapet Output Mask Relationship Class C:\Geodata\Europe\Swiss\Swiss_Larger\Aarau_Larger_25K.gdb\Masks_and_De Expression (optional) "BRIDGETYPE" * 'Bruecke' Output Decoration Feature Class (optional) C:\Geodata\Europe\Swiss\Swiss_Larger\Aarau_Larger_25K.gdb\Masks_and_Decorati Wing Type (optional) PARALLEL Wing Tick Length (optional) Points * Cancel Apply Show Help >>

ESRI Cartography Resources: Educational Services

- Training: : http://training.esri.com
 - Two day course: Working with Cartographic Representations
 - Three day course: Creating and Publishing Maps with ArcGIS
 - Free podcasts:
 - Best Practices: Working with Cartographic Representations
 - Planning Your Geodatabase for Cartography with ArcGIS 9.2
 - Using Geoprocessing Tools for Cartographic Representations

ESRI Cartography Resources:On the Internet

ESRI Mapping Center: http://mappingcenter.esri.com/

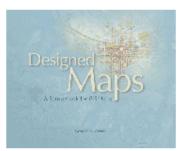


Welcome to Mapping Center

Mapping Center is about **the use of ArcGIS in the graphic delivery of geographic information**. Its goal is to help you make great looking maps by using the same cartographic concepts and techniques that professional cartographers use.

Current News Feeds

ESRI Press presents Designed Maps: A Sourcebook for GIS Users by Cynthia Brewer



Cynthia Brewer's new book titled *Designed Maps: A Sourcebook for GIS Users* is a companion piece designed to compliment the highly successful *Designing Better Maps: A Guide for GIS Users* published by ESRI Press in 2005. The goal of the book is to offer a graphics-intensive presentation of published maps, providing cartographic details that will prompt GIS users to think about their own maps and how to improve them....(read more)

Integrating markers and dashes on cartographic representation line

symbols

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