

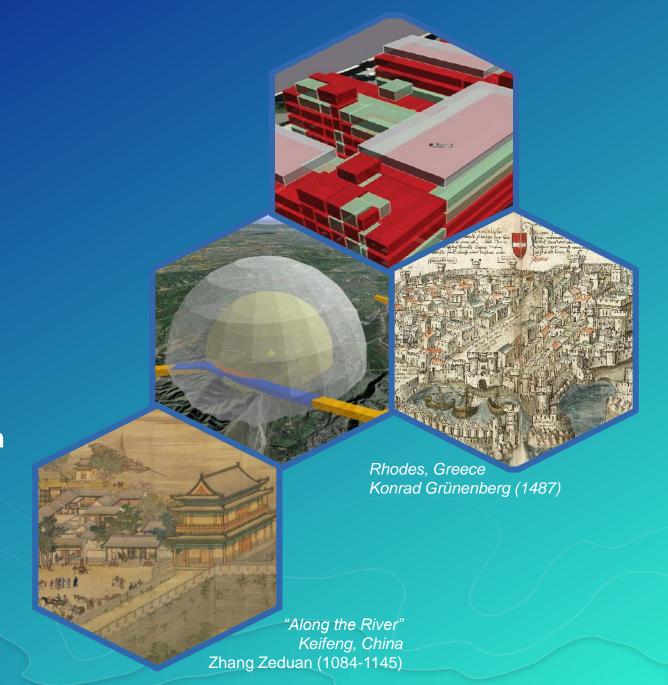
Why create 3D views?

"It's cool, man!"

Which really means...

- See vertically stacked content
- Show data in an easy-to-understand form
- Invite imagination and understanding

3D is how humans see the world



Classic first attempt at 3D symbology...

Population sticks

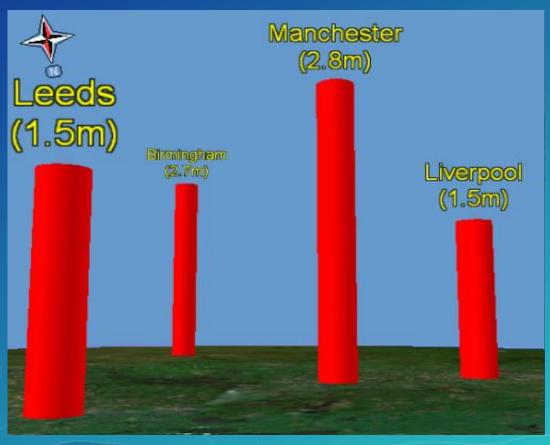
Manchester : 2.8m

• Birmingham: 2.7m

• Liverpool : 1.5m

• Leeds : 1.5m





No useful information

Bad information

Labels

Real-world size symbols

← Use a isometric / axonometric view

3D View: Four Main Elements

Surfaces

- A ground (primary) surface
- Plus optional other surfaces

Textures

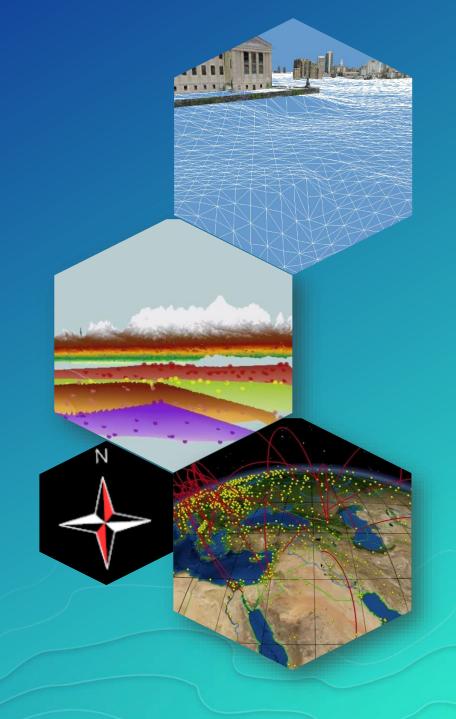
The "cover" on top of the surfaces
 (eg: aerial imagery, cartographic maps, etc)

Features

- That live on / relative-to the ground
- That know their own absolute z's

Marginalia and effects

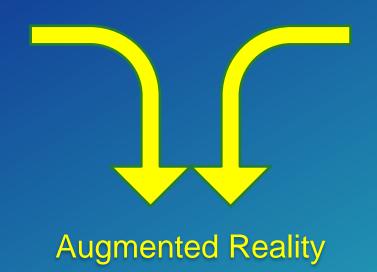
- Reference aids (eg: north arrow, TOC, ...)
- Atmospheric effects (eg: lighting, fog, rain, ...)

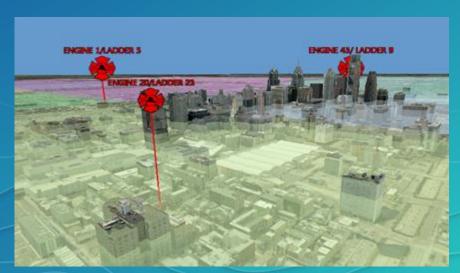


Styles of Scenes

Photo-realistic (Real-World)







Cartographic (Representative)

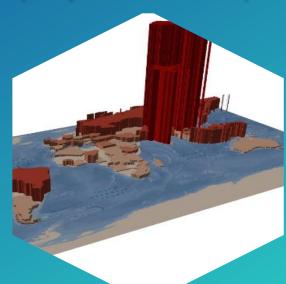


Photo-realistic Scenes

For 3D cartographers...

...they're kind of boring

...it's not really cartography

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS?

→ Look outside

USEFULNESS?

→ Changes to the status quo

AUTHORING OPTIONS?

→ Mood effects (lighting, rain, fog, ...)



Cartographic Scenes

For 3D cartographers...

...it's cartography

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS?

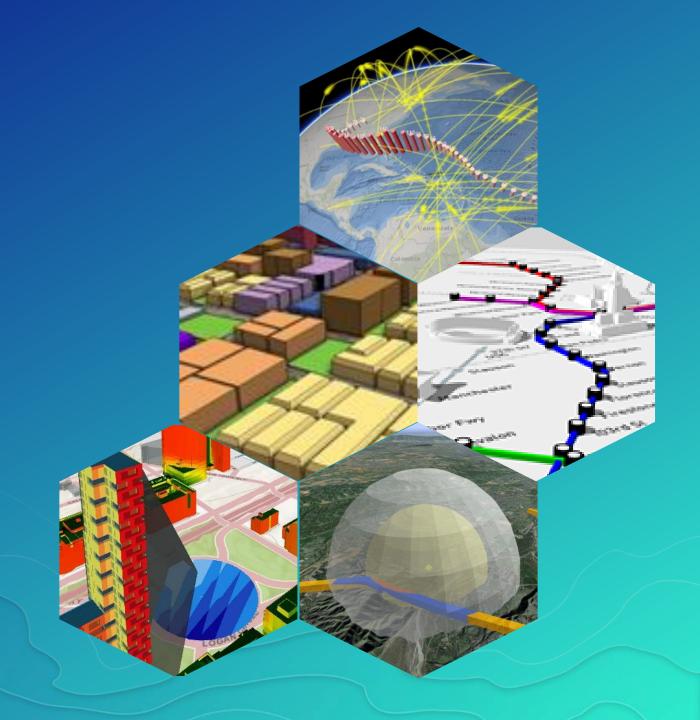
→ As rich / full as for 2D maps

USEFULNESS?

→ Powerful, eye-catching, immersive

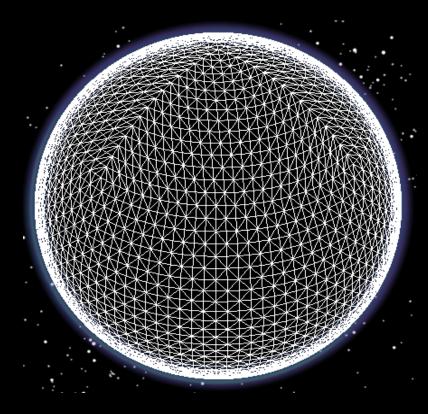
AUTHORING OPTIONS?

→ Size, Shape, Offset, Textures, Text



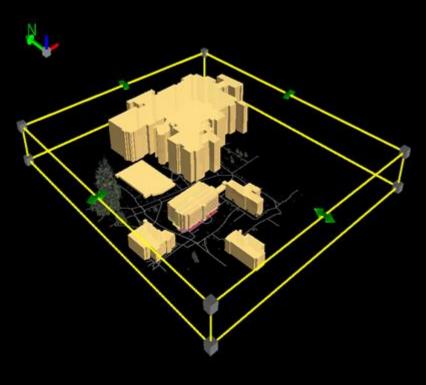
Types of 3D Worlds

Global



Global Coordinate System (WGS84)
Curvature of the earth
'Global' context

Local

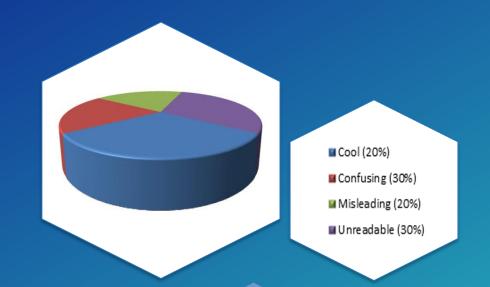


Projected Coordinate Systems Fishtank area-of-interest 'Relative' context

Beware, 3D can be evil...

Perspective distortion = lying

Content can be hidden = lying



Continuous scale = symbols change across scales

Easy to get disoriented = annoying

Large amounts data = slow

Hard to author = scary



+ Major Roads

+ Minor Roads

+ POI's

+ Building Footprints

SCALE

3D View: Familiar Symbols

Objects
Trees
Stylized shapes

Colours
Green is good

Use realistic elements "Walls" as barriers



3D View: Attribute-driven symbols

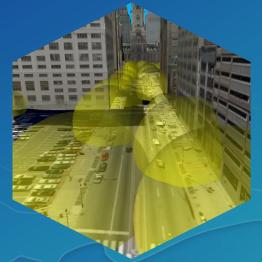
Change symbols based feature information

Size

Color

Transparency

Rotation



Street light coverage

Video removed

Wind vectors through a proposed development

3D View: Super Powers

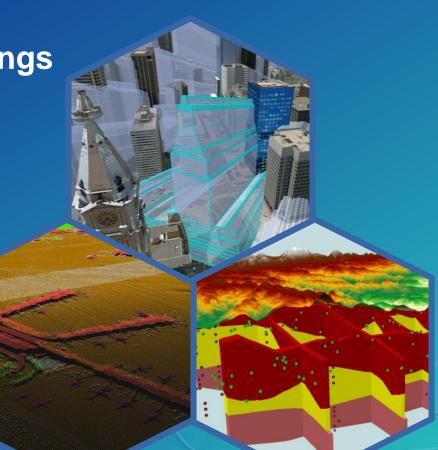
Fly around

Use X-ray vision

Expose invisible things

Go underground

See using radar

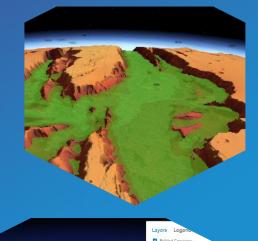


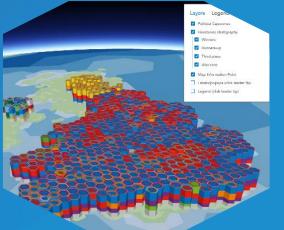
Video removed

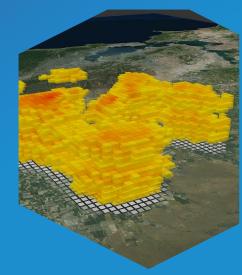
EXAMPLES

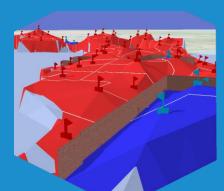
(Presented and explained)

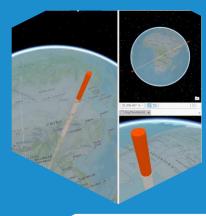
- JFK Crime Scene
- Minard's Map 3D
- Typhoon Nabi
- Isometric Prisms
- Water Usage (Space-Time Cube)
- 3D Cartograms
- Views of Mt Fuji
- 3D Fun with Lego
- Dig to China
- **Exaggerated Mars**
- Partisan Hilltops
- Extruded people
- Historical Ship Race
- Shape Shifting

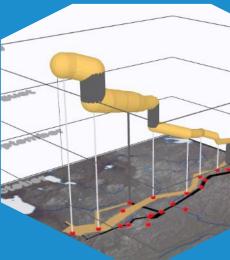






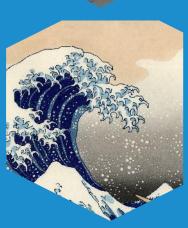












Checklist for authoring better 3D scenes

- Message what should the viewer see / learn?
- Delivery pictures, videos, interactive scenes?
 - Occlusion, measurements, before/after, ...
- 3D canvas type global, or local?
 - Is an Axonometric / Isometric representation required?
- Symbology realistic, thematic, augmented reality?
 - Size, Shape, Color, Textures, Transparency,
- Mood Scene propeties, such as shadows, lighting, haze
 - Gotham versus Pasadena
- Guide users bookmarks, labels, popups, fly-throughs, voice-overs, …
- Be creative the z-axis does not have to be only for 'z' or 'time'

3D Guidelines (review at your leisure)

- Use dictates structure Promotional maps require less structure. Thematics require more structure
- Impact 3D can be powerful, eye-catching and immersive. Use to support attentiongrabbing needs
- Content Simplification and Generalisation have never been more important. Clean.
 Simple. Functional
- Texture Avoid flat colours...add textures
- Natural realistic not photorealistic
- Symbols Mimetic symbols support easier recognition
- Typography Still important but don't overload. Rotate with scene if possible but not to be overbearing
- Projection Use axonometric where possible to maintain scale particularly for analytical map functions

3D Guidelines (review at your leisure)

- Sky and haze avoid sky but include haze which aids depth cue perception
- Space-Time Cubes Good for linear data, OK for point, poor for area...try not to overload or stack (beware of 'inner holes')
- Z value does not have to depict height or time, use it to show 'what's important'
- Scene control Avoids occlusions by supporting multiple views but avoid too much rotation
- Bookmarks supports easy camera reposition, highlight key view points
- Interaction Allow data to be recovered, overcomes measurement limits
- Narration Guides and improves interpretation

One more thing

Actually...a few more things

Cartography.

The book (Nov 2017)

esripress.esri.com

Cartography.

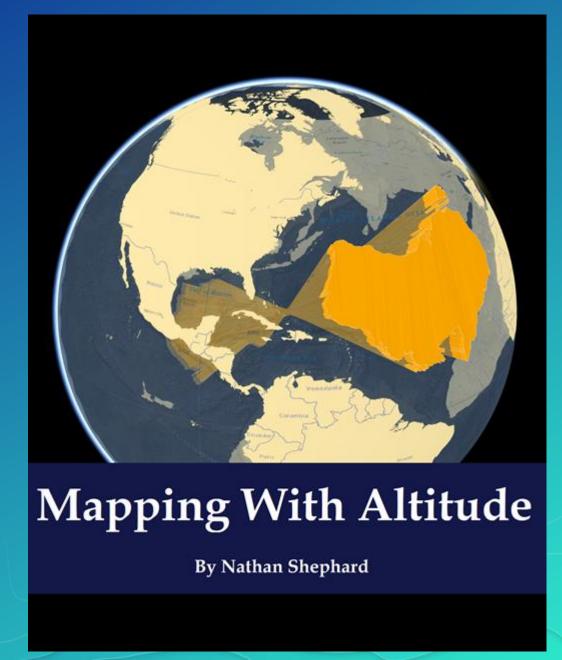


Kenneth Field

Mapping With Altitude

(Still in progress... Hopefully 2018)

By Nathan Shephard



Cartography. The MOOC esri.com/mooc/cartography (Nov 2017)

carto.maps.arcgis.com

cartonerd.com

adventuresinmapping.com

mapdesign.icaci.org

Other sessions

How maps work (KF/WJ)

Amazing and Inspiring maps (KF/JN)

Thematic map design (KF/JN)

3D in ArcGIS Pro (CA/NS/SH)

3D Cartographic Techniques (NS/KF)

Map Design for relief representation (KF/JN)

Designing Story Maps to Change Hearts & Minds (JN/JB)

Designing Esri's Vector Tile Basemaps (WJ/AS)

Styling Vector Basemaps (WJ/AS)

Tue 15:15 | Thu 13:30

Tue 08:30 | Wed 10:15

Tue 13:30 | Fri 09:00

Wed 08:30

Wed 13:30 | Thu 15:15

Wed 08:30 | Thu 10:15

Tue 10:15

Tue 14:00 | Wed 12:00

Thu 10:15

