Integrating Terrestrial LiDAR into Substation Operations: A Case Study



BOUNDLESS ENERGY"





Daniel Michalec, GISP, PMP Geospatial Program Director | Energy Woolpert daniel.michalec@woolpert.com 614.596.7663





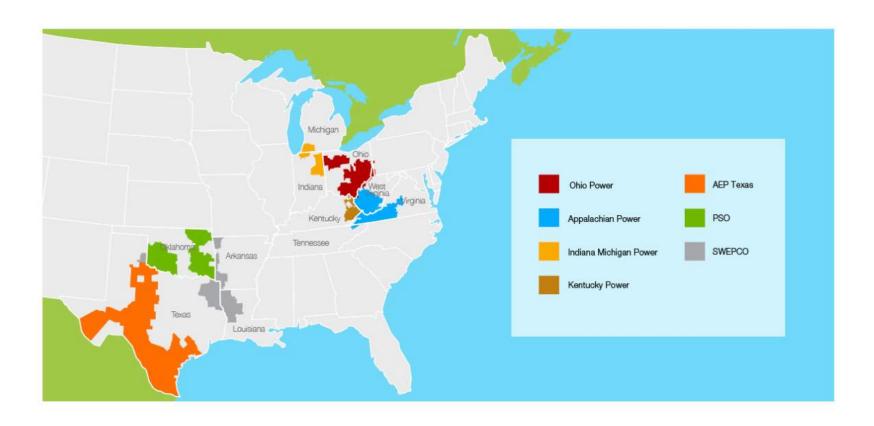
- Hardware agno
- · Survey history
- Extensive expending with LiDAR according approaches:
 - Terrestrial
 - Mobile
 Aerial
 - Acriai
- Extensive expensive expensive with LiDAR type
 - Linear
 - Gieger Mod Photon
 - Bathymetric
- Funded by the evaluate LiDAF technologies



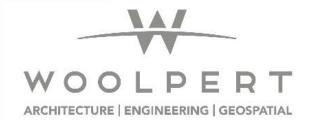


BOUNDLESS ENERGY"

- 5.4M Customers in 11 states
- 40K+ mi electricity transmission network - largest in the nation
- 26K megawatts of generating capacity









- Hardware agnostic
- Survey history
- Extensive experience with LiDAR acquisition approaches:
 - Terrestrial
 - Mobile
 - Aerial
- Extensive experience with LiDAR types:
 - Linear
 - Gieger Mode / Single Photon
 - Bathymetric
- Funded by the USGS to evaluate LiDAR technologies







s ssion ion ng









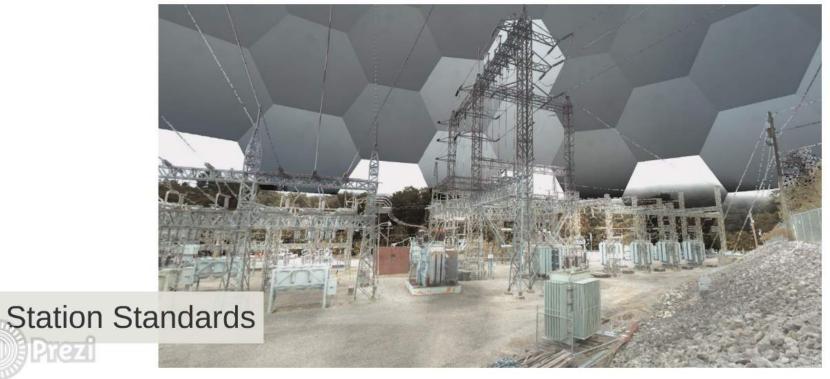


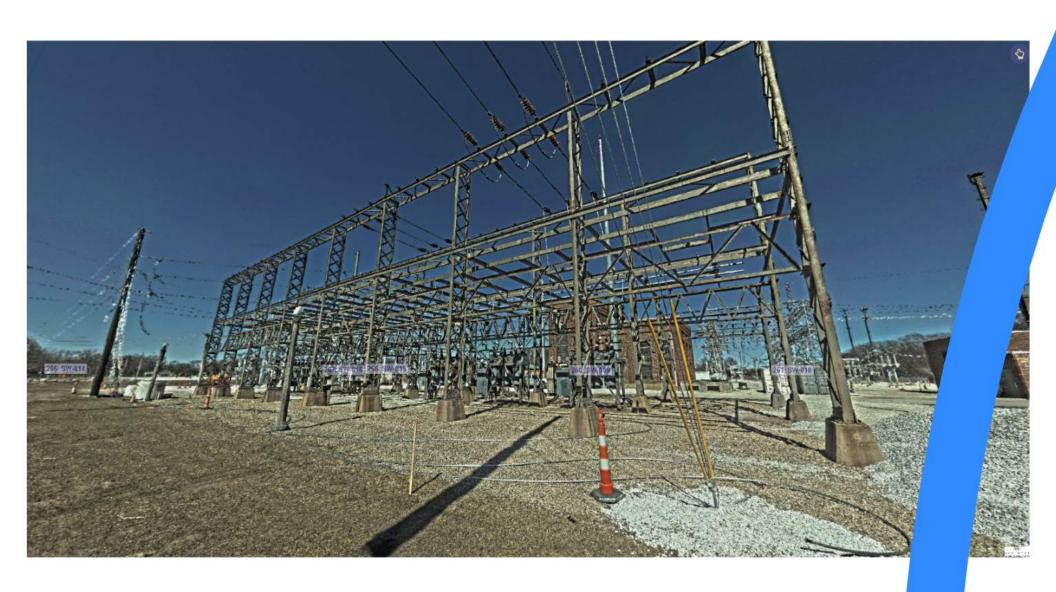
Overview

- Station Standards' concerns
 - Site complexity
 - Safety
 - Outage / uptime
 - Budget / schedule
- Terrestrial LiDAR overview
 - Technology review
 - Approach
- Datasets
- Applicability to Electric operations
- Lessons learned
- Data demonstration
- Q&A















Station Standards











Large, complex, and hazardous sites...





...varied, limited datasets of unknown accuracy

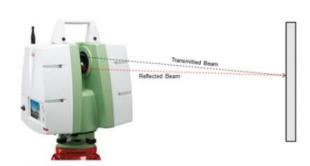
But the project must go on...



Terrestrial LiDAR:

Terrestrial LiDAR: Overview

- Developed in the 1960s, major introduction into the AEC market in the late 1990s and early 2000s
- Light Detection & Ranging (LiDAR)
- · Time-of-flight, phase-shift, Hybrid
- In short, 3D data is determined via laser travel time, laser phase change, or signal/wave-form processing
- Considerations:
 - Indoor vs. Outdoor
 - Point density
 - Accuracy
 - Image quality
 - Speed
- · Certain scanners excel at certain tasks
- Data collected by scanners:
 - · LiDAR, 3D point cloud
 - "Dome" Imagery, Imagery spheres
 - · Thermal signature

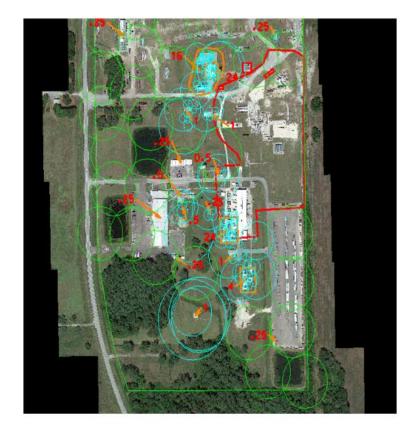






Terrestrial LiDAR: Approach

- Pre-mobilization considerations:
 - Accuracy
 - · "Resolution" of data
 - Data deliverables
 - Site conditions
- Mobilize
 - Survey
 - Scanner setups / data collection
- Post-processing
 - QA/QC
 - Registration
 - Deliverable creation
 - 3D point cloud
 - · 3D CAD file
 - · 3D model
 - Surface
 - Imagery









Terrestrial LiDAR: Data Deliverables

- One mobilization can create a variety of 2D and 3D datasets
 - 3D colorized point cloud (.las, .laz)
 - 3D solid model (.dwg)
 - 3D CAD file (.dwg)
 - 3D GIS (geodb, enterprise database)
 - Surface (.xml)
 - Image sphere

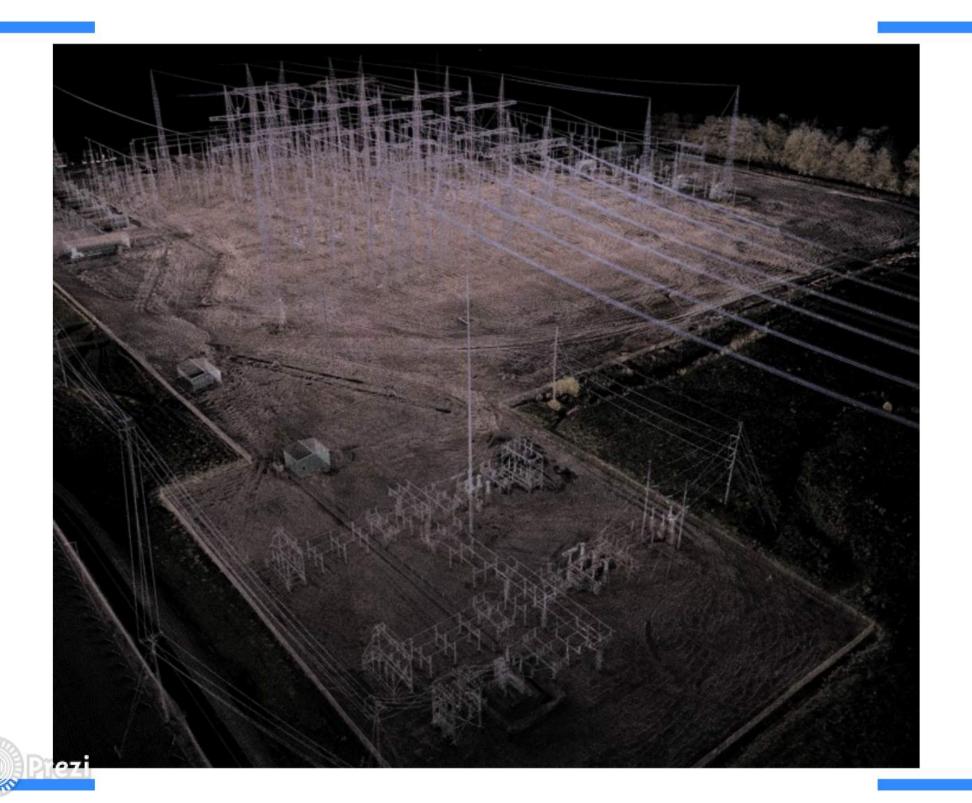
















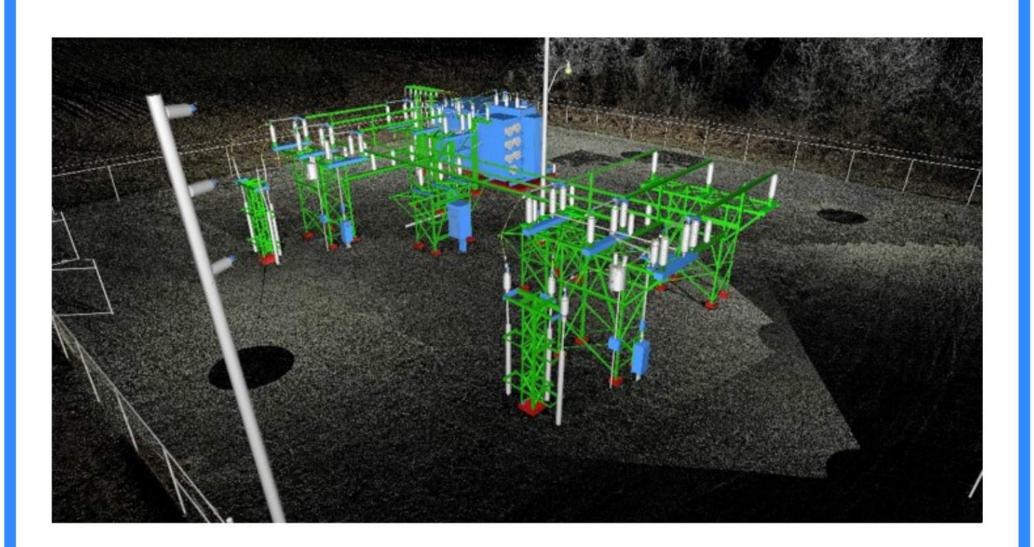




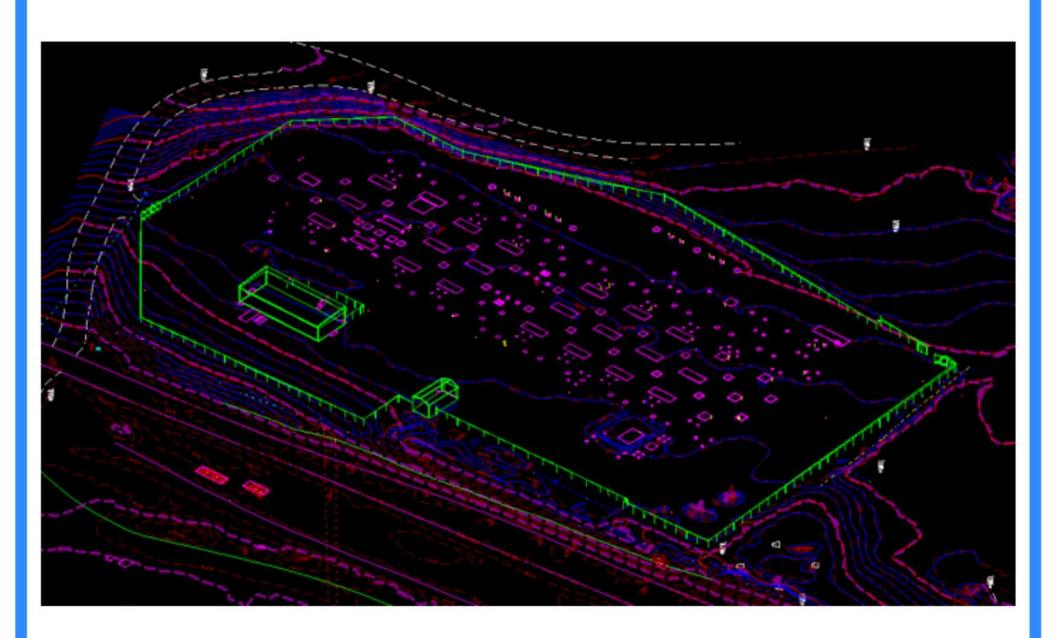




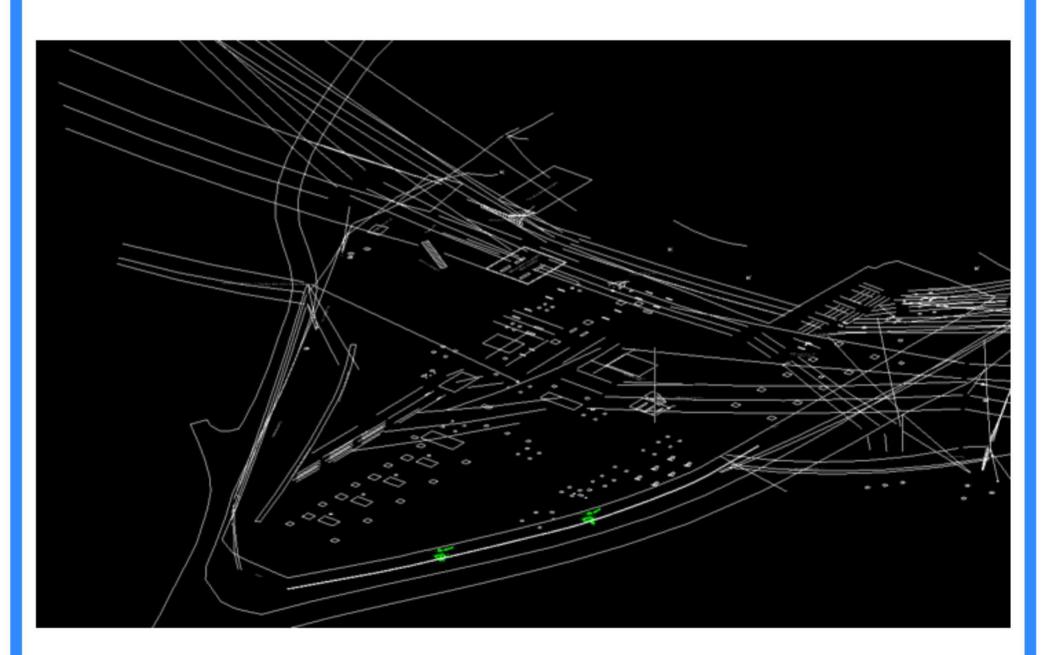




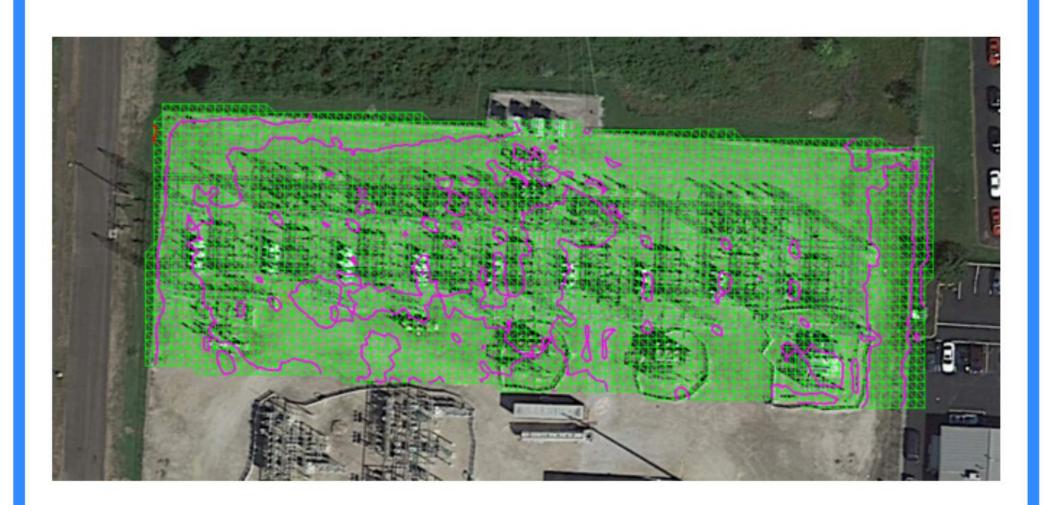










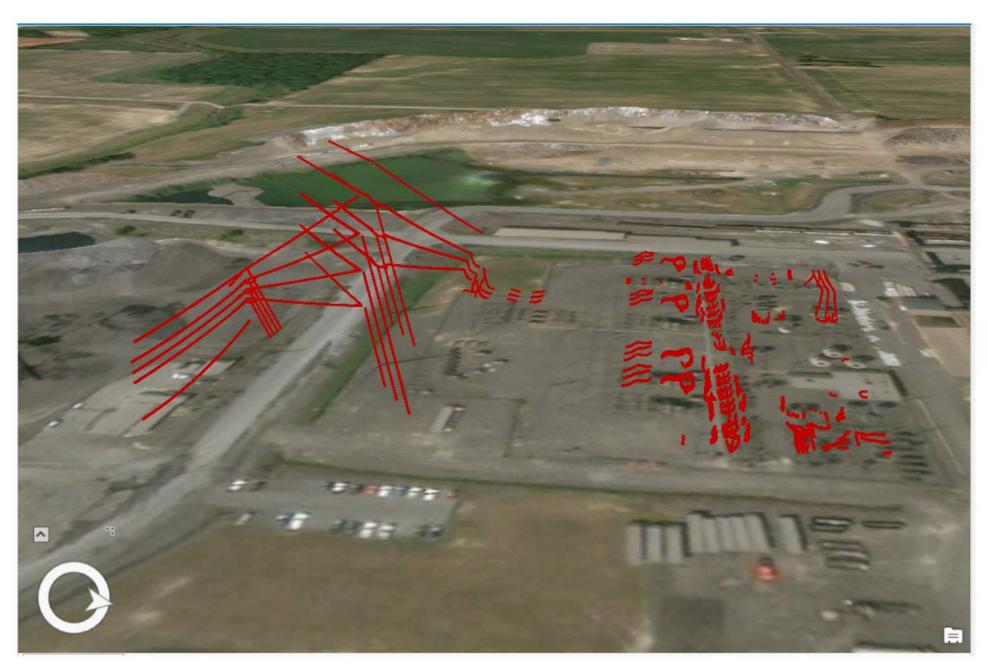






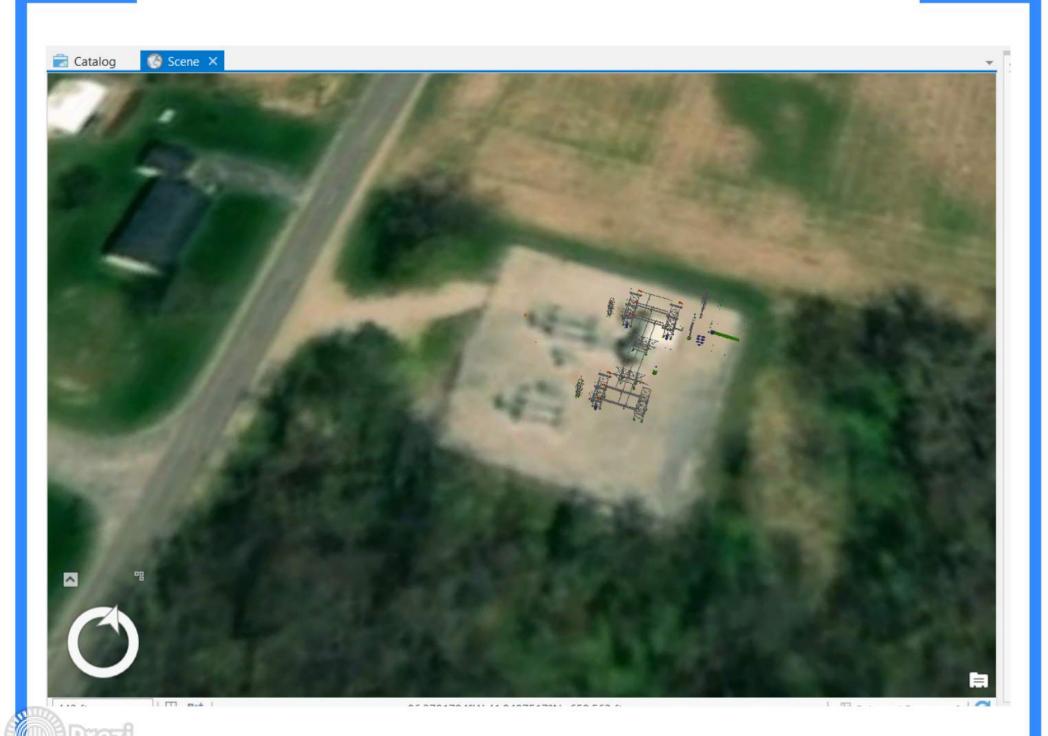


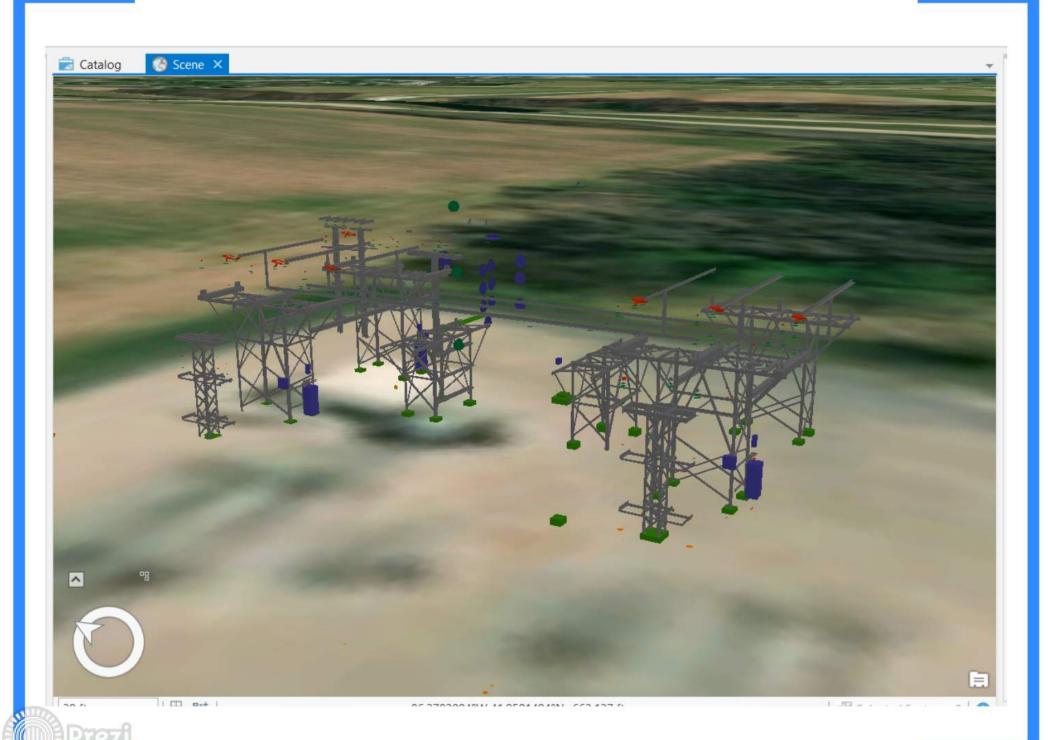






















Inclusion of control and accurate approach...

...3D, geospatially accurate representation of critical facilities.











Lessons Learned

- Determination of what's needed? A lot is possible
- Multiple data acquisitions in a single mobilization spans workflows and business processes
- Data is LARGE / HEAVY
 - Software
 - Hardware
 - Storage
- Integration into contractor workflows
- Internal learning curve
- Visualization issues
 - 3D linework
 - "raw" LiDAR visualization
- For every scan project completed, legacy data differed from as-constructed









Data Demonstration!!!



http://arcg.is/09q5ym

Questions?



BOUNDLESS ENERGY"

Thanks!



Joe Moore Designer Prin American Electric Power jlmoore@aep.com 614.933.2195

Daniel Michalec, GISP, PMP Geospatial Program Director | Energy Woolpert daniel.michalec@woolpert.com 614.596.7663

